

Diamond Oaks  
Transportation Impact Analysis  
Report – City of Visalia

**FINAL REPORT**

Prepared for:

**Diamond Oaks, LP**

Prepared by:



**DIAMOND OAKS  
TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ANALYSIS REPORT**

**FINAL REPORT**

**PREPARED FOR:  
DIAMOND OAKS, LP**

**PREPARED BY:  
OMNI-MEANS, LTD.  
ENGINEERS & PLANNERS  
309 W. MAIN STREET, SUITE 100  
VISALIA, CA 93291  
(559) 734-5895**

**AUGUST 9, 2013**

**55-2454-01  
(R1639TIA003.DOC)**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION.....	1
EXISTING ROADWAY SYSTEM.....	1
EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES.....	3
LEVEL OF SERVICE METHODOLOGY .....	3
EXISTING TRAFFIC OPERATIONS.....	5
Phase I Access.....	8
Phase I Trip Generation .....	8
Phase I Trip Nature, Distribution, and Assignment .....	8
Existing plus Phase I Conditions.....	10
FUTURE CONDITIONS .....	12
General.....	12
Year 2035 Base Conditions.....	12
Year 2035 Trip Generation .....	15
Year 2035 Base plus Project Conditions.....	15
RECOMMENDED MITIGATION MEASURES.....	19
Existing Conditions.....	19
Existing plus Phase I Conditions.....	19
Year 2035 Base Conditions.....	20
Year 2035 Base plus Project Conditions.....	20
PRO RATA SHARE CALCULATIONS.....	21

## FIGURES

Figure 1 – Project Vicinity Map .....	2
Figure 2 – Existing Traffic Volumes, Lane Geometrics and Control .....	7
Figure 3 – Phase I Trip Distribution.....	9
Figure 4 – Existing plus Phase I Traffic Volumes, Lane Geometrics and Control .....	11
Figure 5 – Year 2035 Base Traffic Volumes, Lane Geometrics and Control .....	14
Figure 6 – Year 2035 Base plus Project Traffic Volumes .....	17
Figure 7 – Year 2035 Base plus Project Lane Geometrics and Control .....	18
Figure 8 – Year 2035 Base plus Project Mitigated Lane Geometrics and Control .....	22

## TABLES

Table 1 Level Of Service Criteria For Intersections .....	4
Table 2 Existing Conditions: Intersection Levels-Of-Service .....	5
Table 3 Phase I Trip Generation.....	8
Table 4 Existing plus Phase I Conditions: Intersection Levels-Of-Service .....	10
Table 5 Year 2035 Base Conditions: Intersection Levels-Of-Service .....	13
Table 6 Project Trip Generation (Phases I- IV) .....	15
Table 7 Year 2035 Base plus Project Conditions: Intersection Levels-Of-Service .....	16
Table 8 Pro Rata Share Calculations .....	21

## INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared to present the results of a Transportation Impact Analysis Report (TIAR) prepared by OMNI-MEANS for a proposed residential development in the City of Visalia. The development, herein called project, is located south of Caldwell Avenue between Burke Street and Ben Maddox Way in the City of Visalia (reference Figure 1).

According to the site plan contained in the Appendix, this proposed project includes 55.7 acres of single- and multi-family dwelling units. Ultimately, this project proposes to add 360 dwelling units, including 203 multi-family units and 157 single-family units. This study will include a multi-phased approach. Phase I includes a total of 99 dwelling units (42 multi-family units, 24 triplex units, and 33 single family units). The additional phases are analyzed under the 2035 cumulative analysis condition.

## EXISTING ROADWAY SYSTEM

Roadways that provide primary circulation in the vicinity of the project site include Caldwell Avenue, Burke Street and Ben Maddox Way.

**Caldwell Avenue** is a major east-west arterial in Visalia that extends from the Kings County line as Avenue 280, continues through Visalia and terminates in the City of Exeter as Visalia Road. Caldwell Avenue has a varying cross section through the Visalia City Limits, the majority of which is a four-lane divided arterial. West of Burke Street (between Burke Street and Santa Fe Street), Caldwell Avenue is only partially built-out, and varies from a two to four-lane roadway. Along the proposed project frontage (between Burke Street and Ben Maddox Way), Caldwell Avenue currently operates as a two-lane roadway.

**Burke Street** is a non-continuous north-south two-lane collector that extends from Caldwell Avenue north to Monte Vista Avenue within the vicinity of the project. Burke Street then extends from Walnut Avenue, across State Route 198 through downtown Visalia northward to Saint John's Parkway. Burke Street serves residential, commercial and retail uses throughout the corridor. The proposed project will add a south leg to the existing "T" intersection at Caldwell Avenue and Burke Street, which will serve as a project access point.

**Ben Maddox Way** is a north-south four-lane divided arterial roadway that provides access to several residences and business. This roadway extends from Caldwell Avenue north throughout the City of Visalia limits and into the county after providing access at the State Route 198/Ben Maddox Way interchange in central Visalia.

Additional roadways that will provide access in the future include the east-west streets of Russel Avenue, Cameron Avenue, Rialto Avenue and Reese Avenue. These roadways are located south of Caldwell Avenue between Burke Street and Ben Maddox Way, within the proposed subdivision.



## **EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES**

Based upon OMNI-MEANS' understanding of the project, the following existing intersections were identified as critical intersections for this study.

- Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street
- Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way

At the study intersections, existing weekday AM and PM peak-hour traffic volume counts were conducted in September 2012 while schools were in session. The AM peak hour is defined as one-hour of peak traffic flow counted between 7:00 AM and 9:00 AM and the PM peak hour is defined as one-hour of peak traffic flow counted between 4:00 PM and 6:00 PM. Figure 2 shows the existing AM and PM peak hour intersection traffic volumes and the existing lane geometrics and control at the study intersections.

## **LEVEL OF SERVICE METHODOLOGY**

Traffic operations have been quantified through the determination of "Level of Service" (LOS). LOS is a qualitative measure of traffic operating conditions, whereby a letter grade "A" through "F" is assigned to an intersection or roadway segment representing progressively worsening traffic conditions. LOS was calculated for different intersection control types using the methods documented in the *Highway Capacity Manual 2000 (HCM 2000)*. LOS definitions for different types of intersection controls are outlined in Table 1.

The City of Visalia General Plan Circulation Element has designated LOS "D" as the minimum acceptable LOS standard on City facilities in general. In this report, a peak-hour of LOS "D" is taken as the threshold for acceptable traffic operations at all study intersections. All intersection turning movement volumes and LOS worksheets are contained in the Technical Appendix (available upon request).

To determine whether "significance" should be associated with unsignalized intersection LOS, a supplemental traffic signal warrant analysis was also performed. The signal warrant criteria employed for this study are presented in the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD). Specifically, this study utilized the Peak-Hour-Volume Warrant 3 (Urban Areas). Though utilization of this warrant may indicate that signalization would be required, the final decision to provide this improvement should be based on further studies utilizing the additional warrants presented in the MUTCD.

**TABLE 1**  
**LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA**  
**FOR INTERSECTIONS**

LEVEL OF SERVICE	TYPE OF FLOW	DELAY	MANEUVERABILITY	STOPPED DELAY/VEHICLE (SEC)		
				SIGNALIZED	UNSIGNALED	ALL-WAY STOP
A	Stable Flow	Very slight delay. Progression is very favorable, with most vehicles arriving during the green phase not stopping at all.	Turning movements are easily made, and nearly all drivers find freedom of operation.	$\leq 10.0$	$\leq 10.0$	$\leq 10.0$
B	Stable Flow	Good progression and/or short cycle lengths. More vehicles stop than for LOS A, causing higher levels of average delay.	Vehicle platoons are formed. Many drivers begin to feel somewhat restricted within groups of vehicles.	$> 10 \text{ and } \leq 20.0$	$> 10 \text{ and } \leq 15.0$	$> 10 \text{ and } \leq 15.0$
C	Stable Flow	Higher delays resulting from fair progression and/or longer cycle lengths. Individual cycle failures may begin to appear at this level. The number of vehicles stopping is significant, although many still pass through the intersection without stopping.	Back-ups may develop behind turning vehicles. Most drivers feel somewhat restricted.	$> 20 \text{ and } \leq 35.0$	$> 15 \text{ and } \leq 25.0$	$> 15 \text{ and } \leq 25.0$
D	Approaching Unstable Flow	The influence of congestion becomes more noticeable. Longer delays may result from some combination of unfavorable progression, long cycle lengths, or high volume-to-capacity ratios. Many vehicles stop, and the proportion of vehicles not stopping declines. Individual cycle failures are noticeable.	Maneuverability is severely limited during short periods due to temporary back-ups.	$> 35 \text{ and } \leq 55.0$	$> 25 \text{ and } \leq 35.0$	$> 25 \text{ and } \leq 35.0$
E	Unstable Flow	Generally considered to be the limit of acceptable delay. Indicative of poor progression, long cycle lengths, and high volume-to-capacity ratios. Individual cycle failures are frequent occurrences.	There are typically long queues of vehicles waiting upstream of the intersection.	$> 55 \text{ and } \leq 80.0$	$> 35 \text{ and } \leq 50.0$	$> 35 \text{ and } \leq 50.0$
F	Forced Flow	Generally considered to be unacceptable to most drivers. Often occurs with over saturation. May also occur at high volume-to-capacity ratios. There are many individual cycle failures. Poor progression and long cycle lengths may also be major contributing factors.	Jammed conditions. Back-ups from other locations restrict or prevent movement. Volumes may vary widely, depending principally on the downstream back-up conditions.	$> 80.0$	$> 50.0$	$> 50.0$

References: *Highway Capacity Manual 2000*

This traffic study generally provides a “planning level” evaluation of traffic operating conditions, which is considered sufficient for California Environmental Quality Act/National Environmental Policy Act (CEQA/NEPA) purposes. This planning level evaluation has, however, incorporated actual heavy-vehicle adjustment factors, peak hour factors, and signal lost-time factors and reports the resulting intersection delays and LOS as estimated using HCM-2000 methodologies. In this study, a general Peak Hour Factor (PHF) of 0.92 has been applied to the analysis of all study intersections under all analysis scenarios.

The HCM-recommended suburban traffic signal default cycle length of 100 seconds has been used for analysis of future signalized intersections, with 4 seconds of “lost time” per critical signal phase. The *Traffic 8.0* integrated computer software program has been utilized to implement the HCM-2000 analysis methodologies.

## EXISTING TRAFFIC OPERATIONS

“Existing” peak-hour intersection traffic operations were quantified applying existing traffic volumes and existing intersection lane geometrics and control (shown on Figure 2). Table 2 presents the “Existing” peak hour intersection LOS.

**TABLE 2  
EXISTING CONDITIONS:  
INTERSECTION LEVELS-OF-SERVICE**

No.	Intersection	Control Type	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour		
			Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?
1	Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	OWSC	18.1	C	No	35.5	E	No
2	Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	Signal	20.2	C	--	35.7	D	--

*Legend:* OWSC = One-Way-Stop Control. AWSC = All-Way Stop Control.

Average Delay = Average Intersection Delay for Signalized Intersections.

Average Delay = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Delay for OWSC Intersections.

LOS = Average Intersection Level-of-Service for Signalized Intersections.

LOS = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Level-of-Service for OWSC Intersections.

Warrant = MUTCD Peak-Hour Warrant-3.

As indicated in Table 2, the intersection at Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street currently operates at LOS “E” conditions during the PM peak hour period under “Existing” conditions. In addition, this unsignalized intersection does not meet the MUTCD Peak Hour Warrant 3 under “Existing” AM or PM peak hour conditions. The final decision to install a traffic signal should be based on further studies utilizing the additional warrants presented in the MUTCD, including, but not limited to:

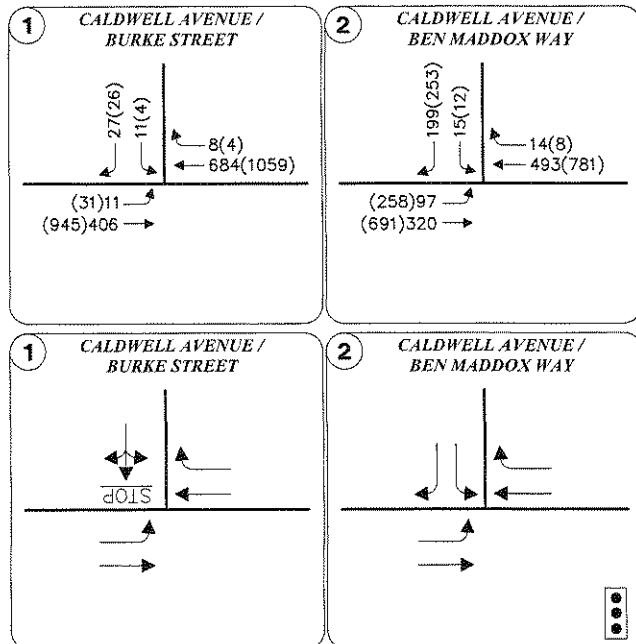
- Warrant 1; Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2; Four-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 7; Crash Experience

Warrant 1; Eight-hour vehicular volume has a lower threshold of 53 vehicles per hour for each of any eight hours of an average day for the higher volume minor street approach. As indicated by existing traffic counts, there are less than 40 vehicles on the minor street approach for the AM and PM peak hours, indicating that the likelihood of the minor street experiencing volumes that exceed the lower threshold for eight hours is very low. For this reason, it is not likely that the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection would meet the eight-hour vehicular volume signal warrant.

Warrant 2; Four-hour vehicular volume has a lower threshold of 60 vehicles per hour for each of any four hours of an average day for the higher volume minor street approach. As indicated by existing traffic counts, there are less than 40 vehicles on the minor street approach for the AM and PM peak hours, indicating that the likelihood of the minor street experiencing volumes that exceed the lower threshold for four hours is very low. For this reason, it is not likely that the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection would meet the four-hour vehicular volume signal warrant.

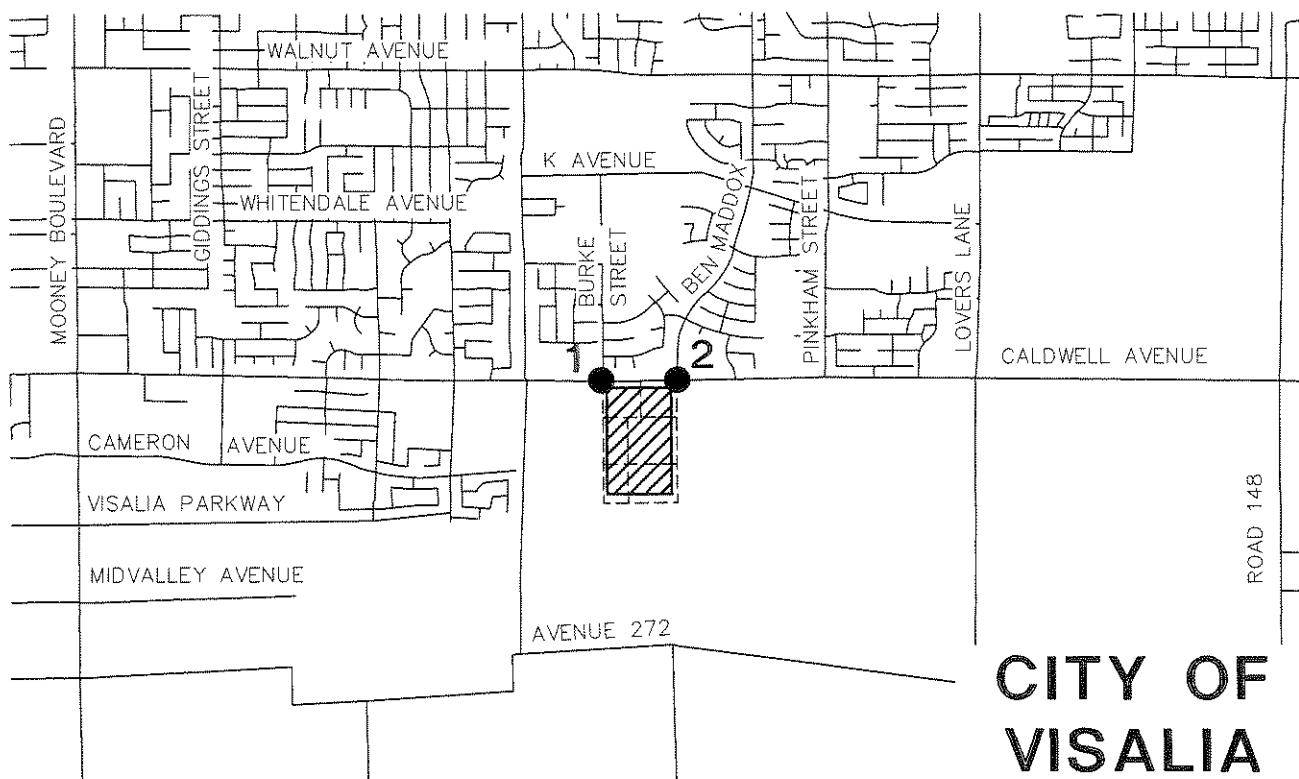
According to the Transportation Injury Mapping System (TIMS), there were no reported collisions at the Caldwell Ave/Burke St intersection during calendar year 2011 (the most recent 12-month period for which data is available from the TIMS website), indicating that the intersection would not meet Warrant 7; Crash Experience. Due to lack of traffic count data, this study does not analyze the four or eight-hour vehicular volume signal warrants.

All mitigation measures are discussed in a subsequent section of this report.



LEGEND:

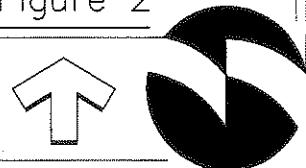
XX - AM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES  
 (XX) - PM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES  
 ■ - PROJECT LOCATION



Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 2

Existing Traffic Volumes, Lane Geometrics and Control



## PHASE I ACCESS

As identified in the introduction, the residential development is located south of Caldwell Avenue between Burke Street and Ben Maddox Way in the City of Visalia. According to the site plan, this proposed project will develop Burke Street south of Caldwell under Phase I as a “Local Through Street Residential Zones” per City of Visalia improvement standard P-17.

## PHASE I TRIP GENERATION

Table 6 identifies the estimated trip generation of the project’s land-uses based upon data presented in *ITE Trip Generation* (8<sup>th</sup> Edition). For this project, trip generation rates for ITE land use codes 210 (single family detached housing), 220 (apartment) and 230 (residential condominium/town house) were applied to obtain the project trips shown in Table 3. As indicated in Table 3, Phase I of this project is estimated to generate 1,136 daily trips, including 94 AM peak hour trips and 121 PM peak hour trips.

**TABLE 3**  
**PHASE I TRIP GENERATION**

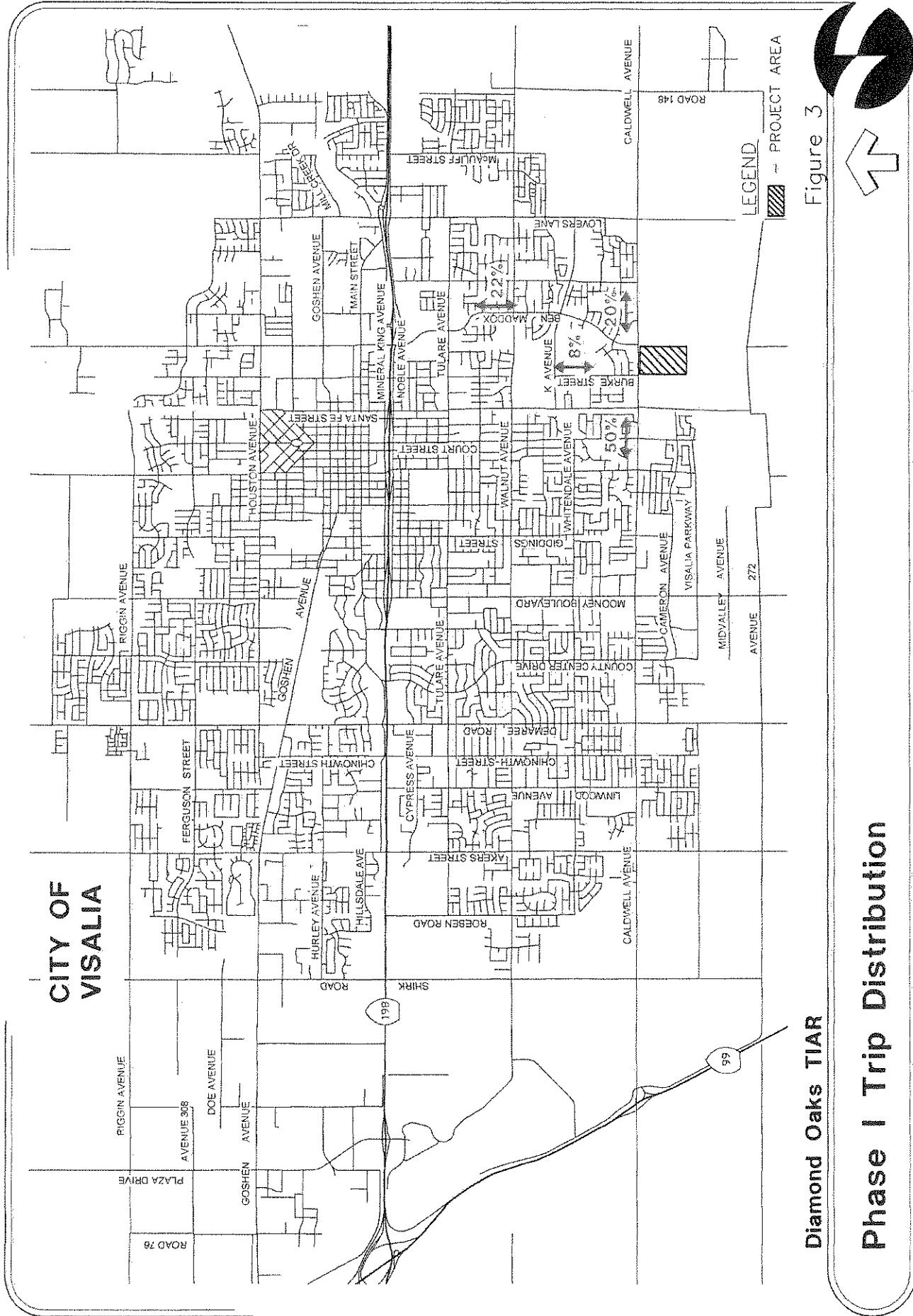
<b>Land Use Category</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Daily Trip Rate/Unit</b>	<b>Weekday AM Peak Hour Rate/Unit</b>			<b>Weekday PM Peak Hour Rate/Unit</b>		
			<b>Total</b>	<b>In %</b>	<b>Out %</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>In %</b>	<b>Out %</b>
Apartment [ITE Code 220]	Dwelling Unit	7.52	0.54	20%	80%	0.76	65%	35%
Residential Condominium/Town House [ITE Code 230]	Dwelling Unit	5.83	0.71	17%	83%	0.79	67%	33%
Single-Family Detached Housing [ITE Code 210]	Dwelling Unit	11.37	1.00	25%	75%	1.19	63%	37%
<b>Description</b>	<b>Quantity (Units)</b>	<b>Daily Trips</b>	<b>Weekday AM Peak Hour Trips</b>			<b>Weekday PM Peak Hour Trips</b>		
			<b>Total</b>	<b>In</b>	<b>Out</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>In</b>	<b>Out</b>
MFDU	84	632	45	9	36	64	42	22
Triplex Units	24	140	17	3	14	19	13	6
SFDU	32	364	32	8	24	38	24	14
<b>Total Trips</b>		<b>1,136</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>42</b>

Note: Errors due to rounding may occur.

## PHASE I TRIP NATURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND ASSIGNMENT

Phase I of the project is expected to “generate” and “attract” trips throughout the City. Directional trip distribution for project generated trips was estimated based upon a select zone model run from the Tulare County Association of Governments (TCAG), existing traffic flow patterns, geographic location of the project site, and location of other similar destinations. The resulting trip distribution for Phase I project trips is shown on Figure 3 and identified below:

- 50% to/from Caldwell Avenue west of Burke Street;
- 20% to/from Caldwell Avenue east of Ben Maddox Way;
- 8% to/from Burke Street north of Caldwell Avenue; and,
- 22% to/from Ben Maddox Way north of Caldwell Avenue;



**Phase I Trip Distribution**

Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 3

115-000044-000-0785-2454-00

## EXISTING PLUS PHASE I CONDITIONS

“Existing plus Phase I” peak-hour intersection operations were quantified utilizing the proposed lane geometrics and control identified in Figure 2. Utilizing *Traffic 8.0* computer software, “Existing plus Phase I” peak hour conditions were simulated by superimposing new trips generated over “Existing” traffic at the study intersections. The resulting “Existing plus Phase I” peak hour intersection traffic volumes and the lane geometrics and control are shown on Figure 4. Table 4 presents the resulting peak hour intersection LOS.

**TABLE 4**  
**EXISTING PLUS PHASE I CONDITIONS:**  
**INTERSECTION LEVELS-OF-SERVICE**

No	Intersection	Control Type	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour		
			Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?
1	Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	37.0	E	No	OVRFL	F	No
2	Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	Signal	20.9	C	—	40.2	D	—
3	Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street	OWSC	10.9	B	No	18.3	C	No
4	Russel Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	9.3	A	No	9.2	A	No
5	Cameron Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	8.5	A	No	8.6	A	No

Legend: OWSC = One-Way-Stop Control. TWSC = Two-Ways Stop Control. AWSC = All-Way Stop Control.

Average Delay = Average Intersection Delay for Signalized Intersections.

Average Delay = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Delay for OWSC Intersections.

LOS = Average Intersection Level-of-Service for Signalized Intersections.

LOS = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Level-of-Service for OWSC Intersections.

Warrant = MUTCD Peak-Hour Warrant-3.

OVRFL = Overflow conditions (> 100 seconds delay).

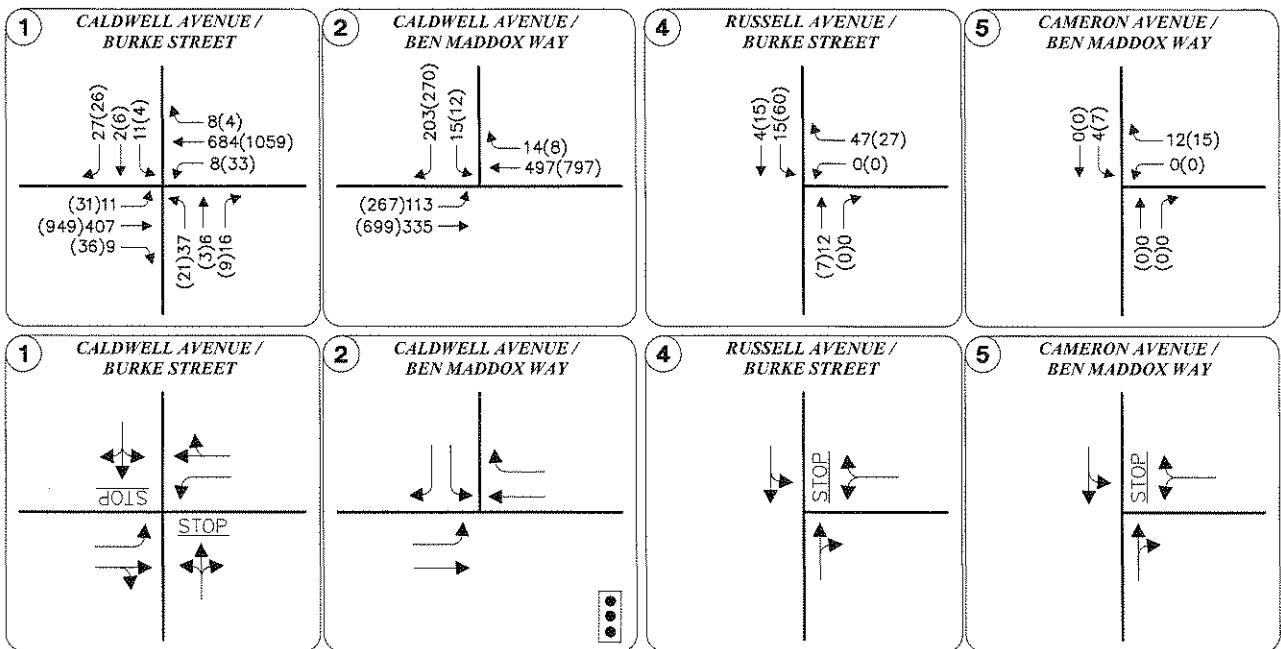
As shown in Table 4, one of the study intersections is projected to operate at a LOS “E/F” conditions during AM and PM peak hour periods under “Existing plus Phase I” conditions scenario. However, the study intersection does not meet the MUTCD Peak Hour Warrant 3 under “Existing plus Phase I” AM and/or PM peak hour conditions. The final decision to install a traffic signal should be based on further studies utilizing the additional warrants presented in the MUTCD, including, but not limited to:

- Warrant 1; Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2; Four-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 7; Crash Experience

The higher volume minor street approach volumes at the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection are 64 and 36 under Existing plus Phase I AM and PM peak hour conditions, respectively. As previously mentioned the eight-hour and four-hour vehicular volume warrants have lower thresholds of 53 vehicles (for eight hours), and 60 vehicles (for four hours), respectively. Since the AM peak hour higher volume minor street approach is projected to experience volumes just above these lower thresholds, it is not likely that these would hold for four or eight hours of an average day, however, this cannot be 100% verified without collecting traffic data after the first phase of the project is built and occupied.

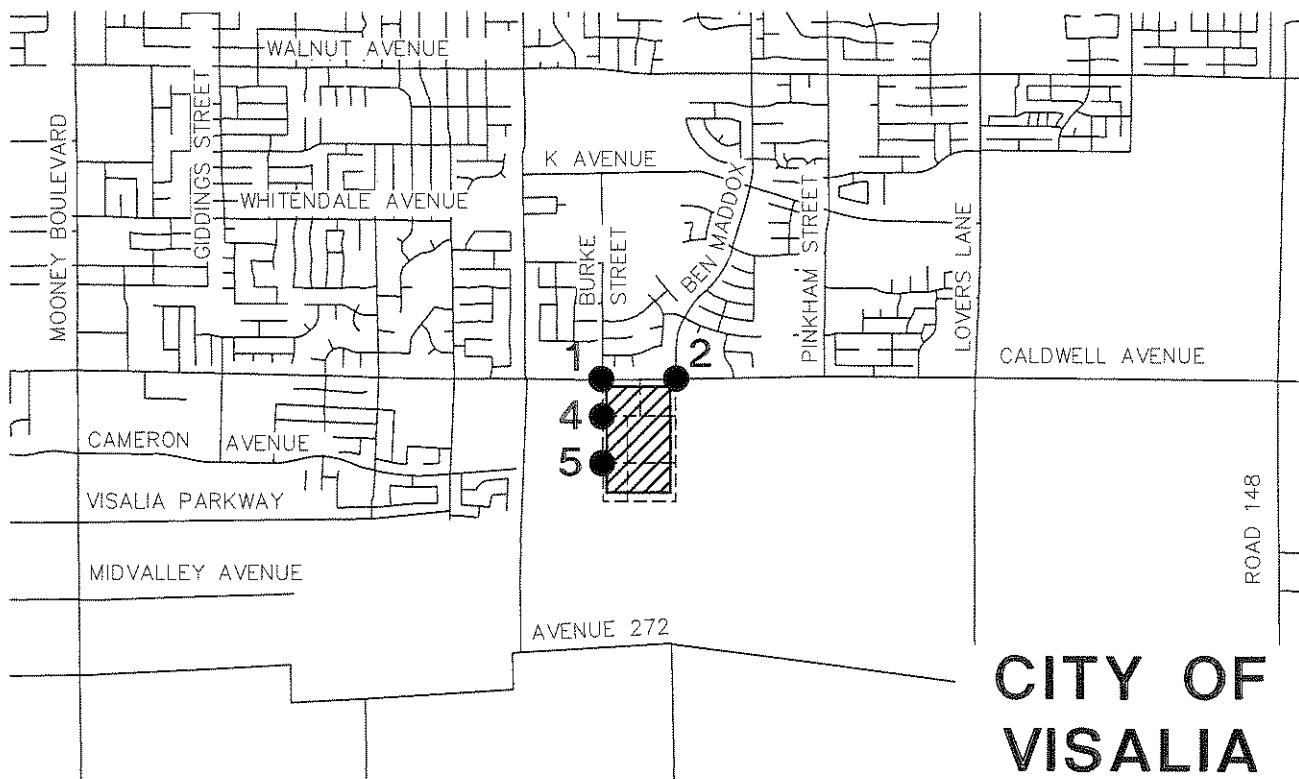
Furthermore, warrant 7; crash experience would need to evaluated under post project conditions.

All mitigation measures are discussed in a subsequent section of this report.



#### LEGEND:

XX – AM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES  
 (XX) – PM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES  
 – PROJECT LOCATION



Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 4

Existing plus Phase I Traffic Volumes,  
 Lane Geometrics and Control

## **FUTURE CONDITIONS**

### **GENERAL**

Under Year 2035 conditions, two scenarios were analyzed. Under the first scenario, herein called the “Year 2035 Base” scenario, it is assumed that the City will continue to develop but the project development will not occur. The second scenario, identified as “Year 2035 Base plus Project,” assumes that development of the entire Project will occur.

There are certain improvements within the study area that are assumed to be “in-place” under Year 2035 Base conditions, regardless of whether or not the project is built-out. The following “programmed” improvements, as identified in Phase I of the Measure R expenditure plan, are assumed to be “in-place” under Year 2035 Base conditions.

- Caldwell Avenue (Santa Fe Avenue to Lovers Lane) - Widen to 4-lane divided arterial

OMNI-MEANS worked with TCAG staff to develop future year (2035) traffic volumes utilizing the TCAG Regional Travel Demand Forecast Model, which uses *Cube* software. Although TCAG has a peak hour model, it was not utilized for the future analysis. OMNI-MEANS used the daily directional traffic counts at each leg of the intersection to balance the turning movement counts. The turning movement counts were computed using techniques provided in National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP 255) through the use of TurnsW32 computer application. Based upon future trip “ins” and “outs” for each leg of the intersection, TurnsW32 runs several iterations to calculate future daily traffic volumes by turning movement. Following this process, OMNI-MEANS checked the forecasted turning movements for reasonableness and made adjustments where necessary. Peak hour traffic volumes were derived from the adjusted daily traffic volumes using typical daily to peak hour traffic relationships.

### **YEAR 2035 BASE CONDITIONS**

“Year 2035 Base” peak-hour intersection traffic operations were quantified applying “Year 2035 Base” traffic volumes and “Year 2035 Base” intersection lane geometrics and control both identified on Figure 5. Table 5 presents the “Year 2035 Base” peak hour intersection LOS.

**TABLE 5**  
**YEAR 2035 BASE CONDITIONS:**  
**INTERSECTION LEVELS-OF-SERVICE**

No	Intersection	Control Type	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour		
			Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?
1	Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	33.9	D	No	64.9	F	No
2	Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	Signal	23.3	C	-	37.4	D	-

Legend: TWSC = Two-Way-Stop Control. TWSC = Two-Way Stop Control.

Average Delay = Average Intersection Delay for Signalized Intersections.

Average Delay = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Delay for TWSC Intersections.

LOS = Average Intersection Level-of-Service for Signalized Intersections.

LOS = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Level-of-Service for TWSC/CWSC Intersections.

Warrant = MUTCD Peak-Hour Warrant-3.

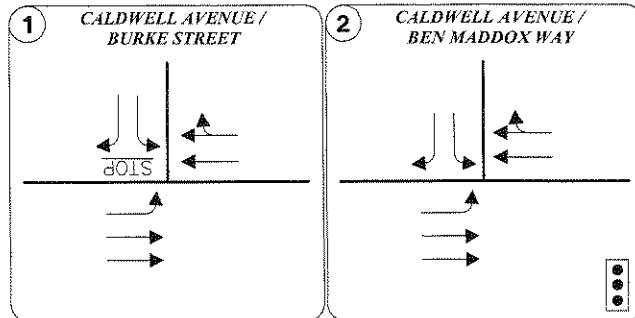
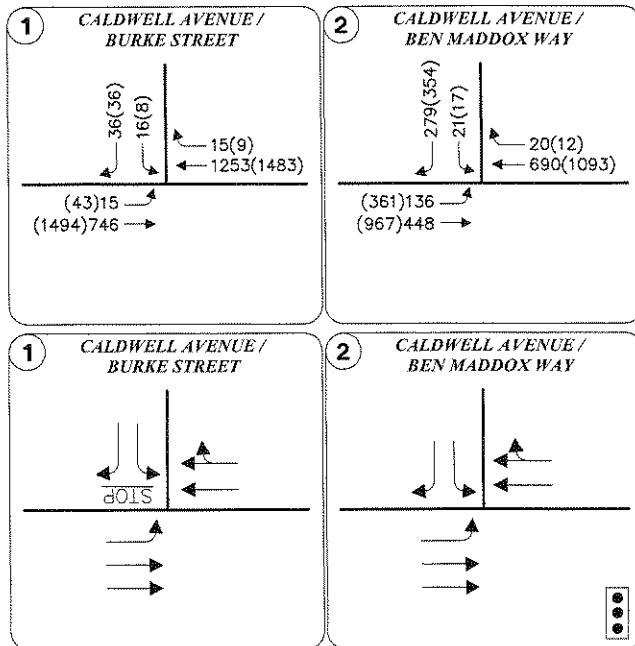
OVRFL = Overflow conditions (> 100 seconds delay).

As shown in Table 5, the intersection at Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street is projected to operate at peak hour LOS “F” conditions under PM peak hour periods for “Year 2035 Base” conditions. In addition, this unsignalized intersection at Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street is not forecasted to meet the MUTCD Peak Hour Warrant 3 under “Year 2035 Base” PM peak hour volume conditions. The final decision to install a traffic signal should be based on further studies utilizing the additional warrants presented in the MUTCD, including, but not limited to:

- Warrant 1; Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2; Four-Hour Vehicular Volume

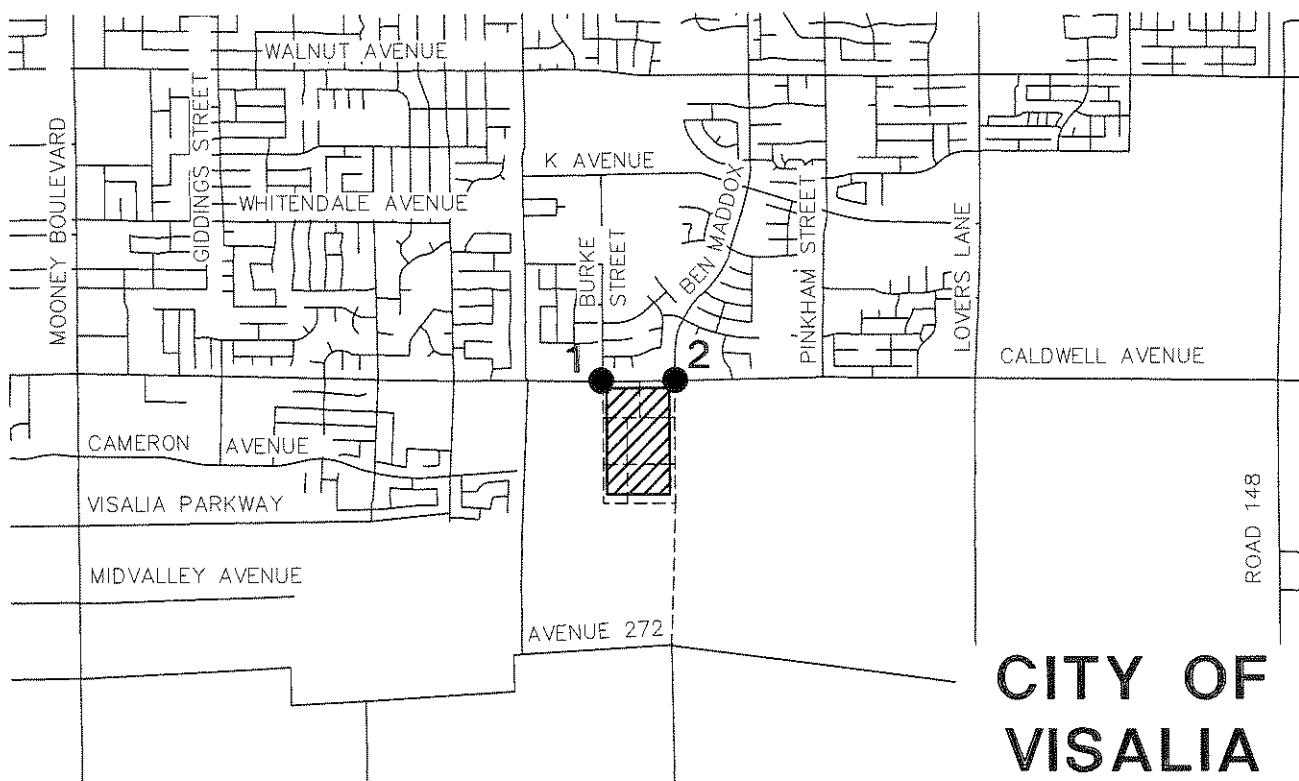
The higher volume minor street approach volumes at the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection are 52 and 44 under Year 2035 Base AM and PM peak hour conditions, respectively. As previously mentioned the eight-hour and four-hour vehicular volume warrants have lower thresholds of 53 vehicles (for eight hours), and 60 vehicles (for four hours), respectively. Since the AM peak hour higher volume minor street approach is projected to experience volumes just under these lower thresholds, it is not likely that the lower thresholds would be met for four or eight hours of an average day.

All mitigation measures are discussed in a subsequent section of this report.



LEGEND:

- XX - AM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES
- (XX) - PM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES
- - PROJECT LOCATION

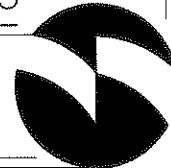


**CITY OF  
VISALIA**

Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 5

**Year 2035 Base Traffic Volumes, Lane Geometrics and Control**



## YEAR 2035 TRIP GENERATION

Table 6 identifies the estimated trip generation of the project's land-uses based upon data presented in *ITE Trip Generation* (8<sup>th</sup> Edition). For this project, trip generation rates for ITE land use codes 220, 230 and 210 were applied to obtain the project trips contained in Table 6. As indicated in Table 6, this project is estimated to generate 2,856 daily trips, including 223 AM peak hour trips and 287 PM peak hour trips for the "Year 2035 Base plus Project" scenario.

TABLE 6  
PROJECT TRIP GENERATION (PHASES I- IV)

Land Use Category	Unit	Daily Trip Rate/Unit	Weekday AM Peak Hour Rate/Unit			Weekday PM Peak Hour Rate/Unit		
			Total	In %	Out %	Total	In %	Out %
Apartment [ITE Code 220]	Dwelling Unit	6.80	0.51	20%	80%	0.65	65%	35%
Residential Condominium/ Town House [ITE Code 230]	Dwelling Unit	5.83	0.71	17%	83%	0.79	67%	33%
Single-Family Detached Housing [ITE Code 210]	Dwelling Unit	10.03	0.76	25%	75%	1.01	63%	37%
Description	Quantity (Units)	Daily Trips	Weekday AM Peak Hour Trips			Weekday PM Peak Hour Trips		
			Total	In	Out	Total	In	Out
MFDU	168	1,142	86	17	69	110	72	38
Triplex Units	24	140	17	3	14	19	13	6
SFDU	157	1,574	120	30	90	158	100	58
<b>Total Trips</b>		<b>2,856</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>102</b>

Note: Errors due to rounding may occur.

## YEAR 2035 BASE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

"Year 2035 Base plus Project" peak-hour intersection traffic operations were quantified applying "Year 2035 Base plus Project" traffic volumes shown on Figure 6 and "Year 2035 Base plus Project" intersection lane geometrics and control shown on Figure 7. Table 7 presents the "Year 2035 Base plus Project" peak hour intersection LOS.

**TABLE 7**  
**YEAR 2035 BASE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS:**  
**INTERSECTION LEVELS-OF-SERVICE**

No	Intersection	Control Type	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour		
			Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?	Delay (sec/veh)	LOS	Warrant Met?
1	Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	OVRLF	F	No	OVRLF	F	No
2	Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	Signal	27.2	C	--	45.5	D	--
3	Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street	TWSC	11.3	B	No	15.9	C	No
4	Russel Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	9.3	A	No	9.2	A	No
5	Cameron Avenue/Burke Street	TWSC	8.5	A	No	8.6	A	No
6	Russel Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	TWSC	9.9	A	No	9.5	A	No
7	Cameron Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	TWSC	8.5	A	No	9.0	A	No
8	Reese Avenue/Bradley Street	TWSC	8.5	A	No	8.5	A	No

*Legend:* TWSC = Two-Way-Stop Control. AWSC = All-Way Stop Control.

Average Delay = Average Intersection Delay for Signalized Intersections.

Average Delay = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Delay for TWSC Intersections.

LOS = Average Intersection Level-of-Service for Signalized Intersections.

LOS = Worst-Case Minor Street Approach Level-of-Service for TWSC Intersections.

Warrant = MUTCD Peak-Hour Warrant-3.

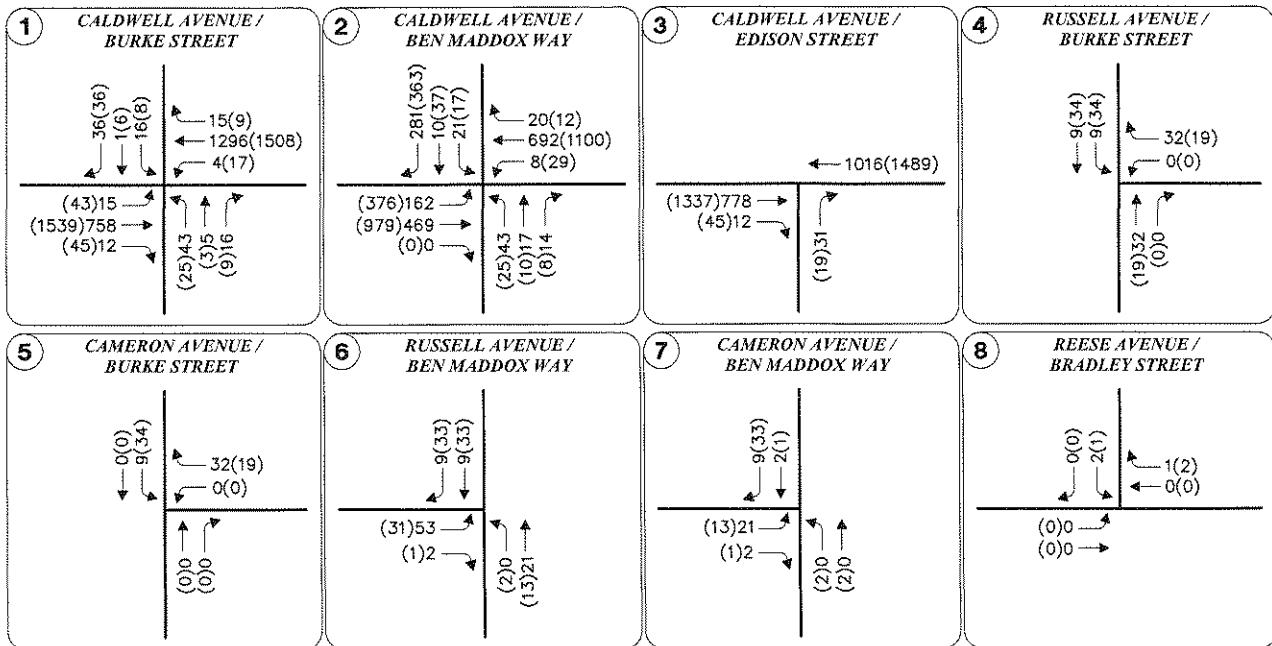
OVRLF = Overflow conditions (> 100 seconds delay).

As shown in Table 7, the intersection at Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street is projected to operate at LOS “F” conditions under AM and PM peak hour periods for “Year 2035 Base plus Project” conditions. The unsignalized intersection at Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street is not projected to meet the MUTCD Peak Hour Warrant 3 under projected “Year 2035 Base plus Project” AM and PM peak hour volume conditions. The final decision to install a traffic signal should be based on further studies utilizing the additional warrants presented in the MUTCD, including, but not limited to:

- Warrant 1; Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2; Four-Hour Vehicular Volume

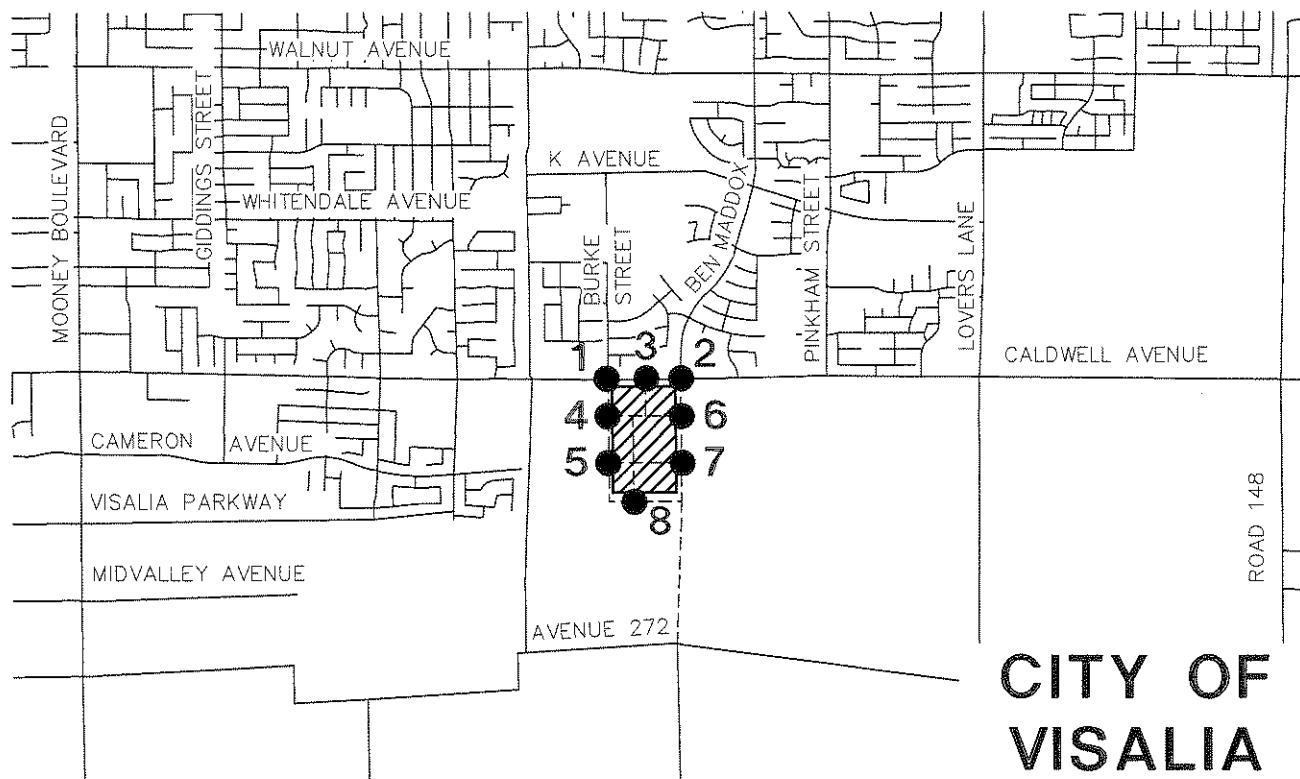
The higher volume minor street approach volumes at the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection are 64 and 53 under Year 2035 Base plus Project AM and PM peak hour conditions, respectively. As previously mentioned the eight-hour and four-hour vehicular volume warrants have lower thresholds of 53 vehicles (for eight hours), and 60 vehicles (for four hours), respectively. Since both the AM and PM peak hour higher volume minor street approach are projected to experience volumes at or near these lower thresholds, further study would be needed under post project cumulative conditions to determine if these warrants are met.

All mitigation measures are discussed in the following section of this report.



LEGEND:

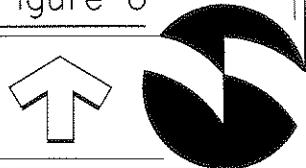
XX — AM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES  
 (XX) — PM PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES  
 — PROJECT LOCATION

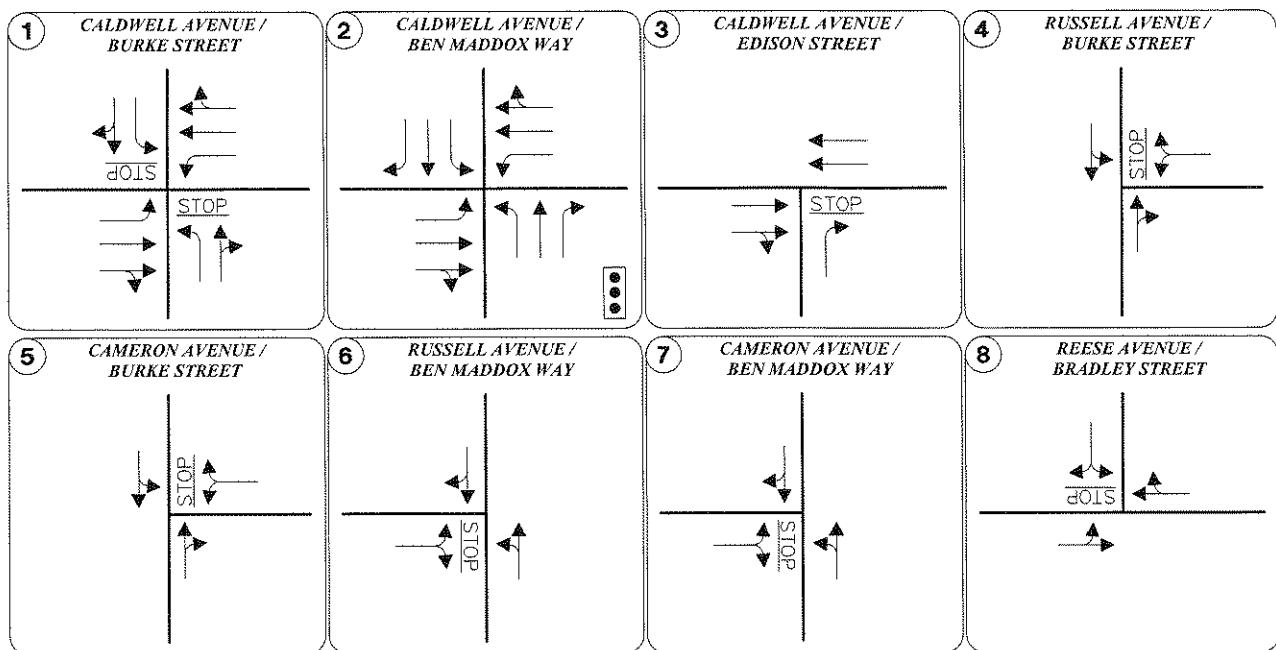


Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 6

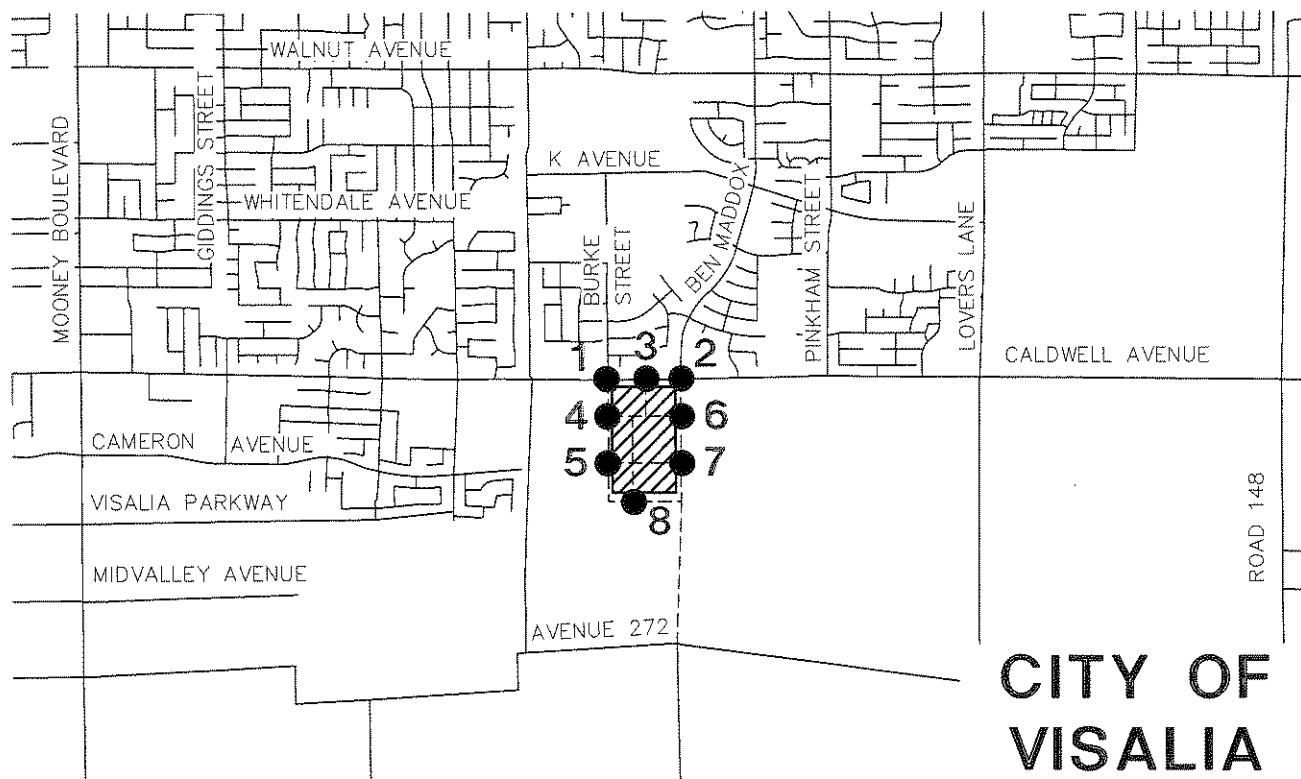
Year 2035 Base plus Project Traffic  
Volumes





LEGEND:

■ — PROJECT LOCATION

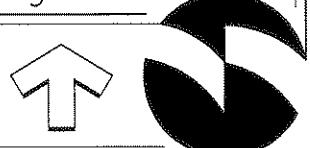


**CITY OF  
VISALIA**

Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 7

**Year 2035 Base plus Project Lane  
Geometrics and Control**



## **RECOMMENDED MITIGATION MEASURES**

This section presents a list of recommended mitigation measures at the study intersections and roadways based upon the results of the analysis presented in this report. All of the study intersections are projected to operate at acceptable LOS “D” conditions or better through 2035 with implementation of the recommended mitigation measures identified below.

At the end of this section, Figure 8 identifies mitigated lane geometrics and control to achieve acceptable operating conditions at the study intersections. Because the mitigation measures are recommended for buildup in Year 2035 and generally do not provide an implementation year, the study intersections requiring mitigation to achieve acceptable LOS should be monitored on a regular basis by the City of Visalia. TCAG has an annual traffic monitoring program that could be used to collect LOS at these intersections.

### **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

Under “Existing” conditions the following mitigation measures are recommended:

*Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street:* The southbound approach at this intersection is currently operating at PM peak hour LOS “E”. Although not currently warranted based upon CAMUTCD peak hour volume Warrant 3, the installation of a traffic signal at this intersection would result in acceptable LOS during existing peak hour conditions. The traffic signal should be installed to accommodate the ultimate widening of the intersection, or installed concurrent with the ultimate intersection improvements.

The ultimate intersection geometrics would consist of separate left-turns, and shared thru-right lanes on the north/south (Burke Street) legs, and a separate left, thru, and shared thru-right on the east/west (Caldwell Avenue) legs.

If a traffic signal were to be installed prior to the ultimate intersection improvements being constructed, it would operate at acceptable LOS with a shared left-thru-right lane with split or permitted phasing on the north/south approaches, with dedicated left-turn lane, and shared thru-right lanes with protected phasing on the east/west approaches.

### **EXISTING PLUS PHASE I CONDITIONS**

With the mitigation measures recommended under “Existing” conditions in-place, the study intersections would operate at acceptable peak hour LOS under “Existing plus Phase I” conditions. Under “Existing plus plus Phase I” conditions, the following mitigation measures have been identified:

*Project Driveway intersections:* Based upon the site plan, it is recommended that the future intersections of Russel Avenue/Burke Street and Cameron Avenue/Burke Street operate as stop controlled intersection on the westbound approach with shared turning movements. It is also recommended that the north-south approaches on Burke Street have thru-shared lanes into these access points.

### ***Project Access***

It should be noted that the first and second phases of the project, consisting of 175 total units (including a combination of multi-family, single family, and triplex units), will be served by two access points to Caldwell Avenue. Caldwell Avenue will serve as the only roadway which from the site can be accessed. The Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection would provide full access, while right-turn only access

would be permitted at the Caldwell Avenue intersection at Edison Street. Edison Street will connect to Caldwell Avenue approximately mid-way between Ben Maddox Way and Burke Street.

Since the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection will serve as the only full access point to/from the development site, traffic congestion may result, without the provision for any alternative routes (specifically for left-turn movements in and out of the project site). It is recommended that the installation of a traffic signal to mitigate project related traffic congestion at the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection be strongly considered. If a traffic signal is not installed, traffic at this location should be monitored on an ongoing basis, as phases of the project are occupied to determine when the intersection operations warrant the installation of a traffic signal.

#### **YEAR 2035 BASE CONDITIONS**

Under "Year 2035 Base" conditions, it is assumed that mitigation measures recommended under "Existing" and "Existing plus Phase I" conditions, in addition to the improvements assumed to be "in-place" by Year 2035, have been implemented. Therefore, no further mitigation measures are necessary.

#### **YEAR 2035 BASE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS**

Under "Year 2035 Base plus Project" conditions, it is assumed that mitigation measures recommended under "Existing" and "Existing plus Phase I" conditions, in addition to the improvements assumed to be "in-place" by Year 2035, have been implemented. Under "Year 2035 Base plus Project" the following mitigation measures are recommended:

*Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way intersection:* This intersection does not require mitigation, however, there are project trips assigned to the ultimate southerly extension of Ben Maddox Way under Year 2035 Base plus Project conditions. Should the project build-out occur prior to the southerly extension of Ben Maddox Way, Burke Street would remain the primary access point to the project. In this case, 104 AM peak hour and 148 PM peak hour trips would be re-assigned to the Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street intersection, resulting in AM and PM peak hour LOS 'B'. The resulting LOS at the Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way intersection would be LOS 'C', and LOS 'D' during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

It is expected that the southerly extension of Ben Maddox Way would be constructed when the adjacent property to the east of the proposed Diamond Oaks subdivision develops. For this reason, assigning a timeframe to the southerly extension of Ben Maddox Way cannot be done with any certainty.

*Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street intersection:* Based upon the site plan, it is recommended that the Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street intersection be a right turn only intersection between Burke Street and Ben Maddox Way. Northbound and westbound left-turn movements should be prohibited at this intersection to maintain the integrity of this major arterial in south Visalia.

*Russell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way and Cameron Avenue/Ben Maddox Way intersections:* Based upon the site plan, it is recommended that these two intersections be stop controlled with shared turning movements on the eastbound approach. In addition, Ben Maddox Way should have a shared left-thru lane on the northbound approaches and a shared thru-right lane on the southbound approaches.

*Reese Avenue/Bradley Street intersection:* Install a stop controlled intersection on the southbound approach of Bradley Street. Furthermore, it is recommended that the eastbound and westbound approaches on Reese Avenue have shared thru-left/right movements into the project site.

## PRO RATA SHARE CALCULATIONS

Table 8 identifies the pro rata share calculations as documented in the Caltrans *Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies* (December 2002). The method for calculating equitable mitigation measures is as follows:

$$P = T / (T_B - T_E)$$

Where:

- $P$  = The equitable share for the proposed project's traffic impact.
- $T$  = The vehicle trips generated by the project during the peak hour of adjacent State highway facility in vehicles per hour (vph).
- $T_B$  = The forecasted traffic volume on a impacted State highway facility at the time of general plan build-out (e.g., 20 year model or the furthest future model date feasible), vph.
- $T_E$  = The traffic volume existing on the impacted State highway facility plus other approved projects that will generate traffic that has yet to be constructed/opened, vph.

TABLE 8  
PRO RATA SHARE CALCULATIONS

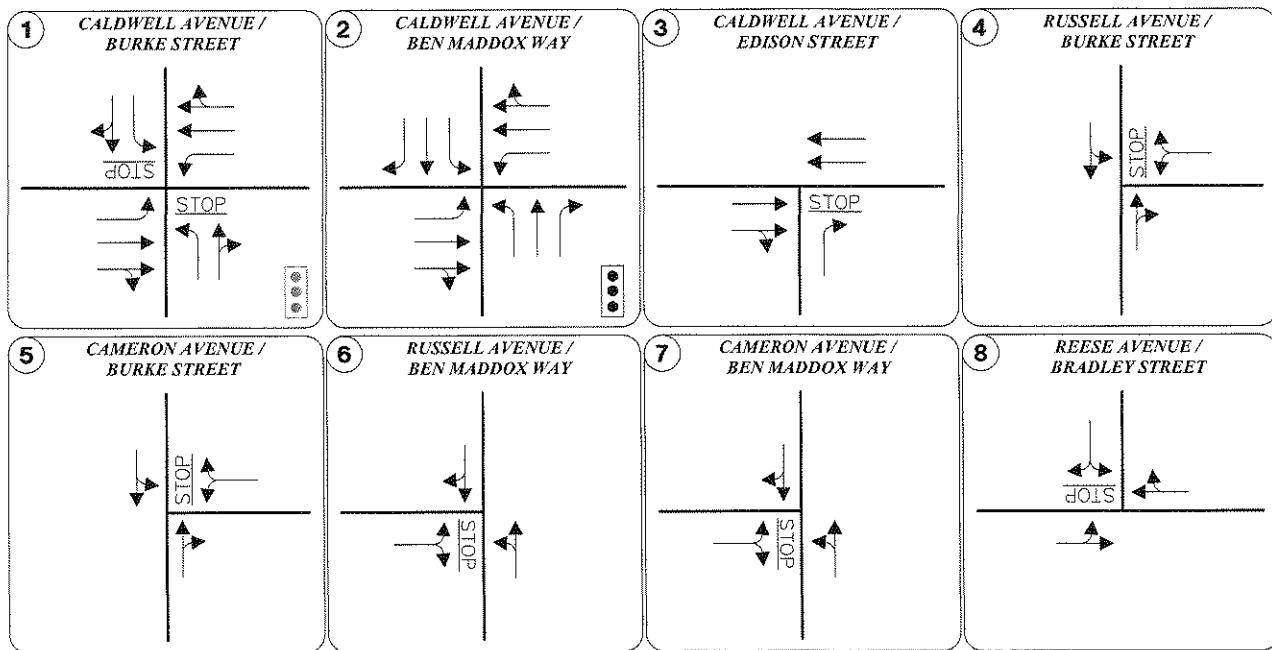
Intersection	Existing	2035 General Plan Buildout	Project Trips	Pro Rata %
Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	2,069	3,073	175	17.4

As shown in Table 8, the proposed project will generate a portion of PM peak hour trips that will contribute to the deficiencies identified above.

According to the methodology described in the Caltrans *Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies* (December 2002), Table 10 is neither intended as, nor does it establish a legal standard for determining equitable responsibility and cost of the project's traffic impact; the intent is to provide:

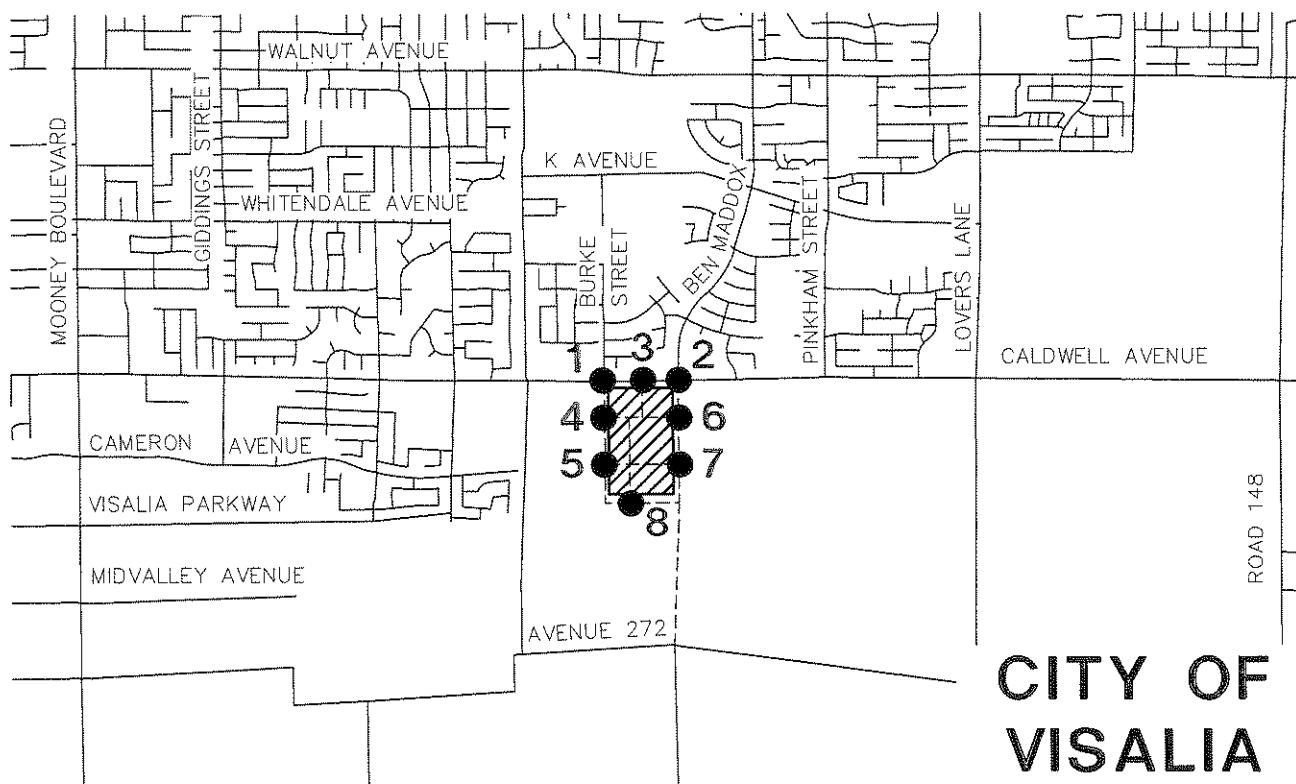
1. A starting point for early discussions to address traffic mitigation equitably;
2. A means for calculating the equitable share for mitigating traffic impacts; and
3. A means for establishing rough proportionality [Dolan vs. City of Tigard, 1994, 512 U.S. 374 (114 S. Ct. 2309)].

According to the Caltrans' *Guide for Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies* (December 2002), the method for calculating equitable mitigation measures "... is not intended for circumstances where a project proponent will be receiving a substantial benefit from the identified mitigation measure. In these cases, the project should take full responsibility toward providing the necessary infrastructure."



LEGEND:

- — PROJECT LOCATION
- ▼ — MITIGATION



**CITY OF  
VISALIA**

Diamond Oaks TIAR

Figure 8

**Year 2035 Base plus Project Mitigated  
Lane Geometrics and Control**



**Appendix**  
*(Site Plan)*





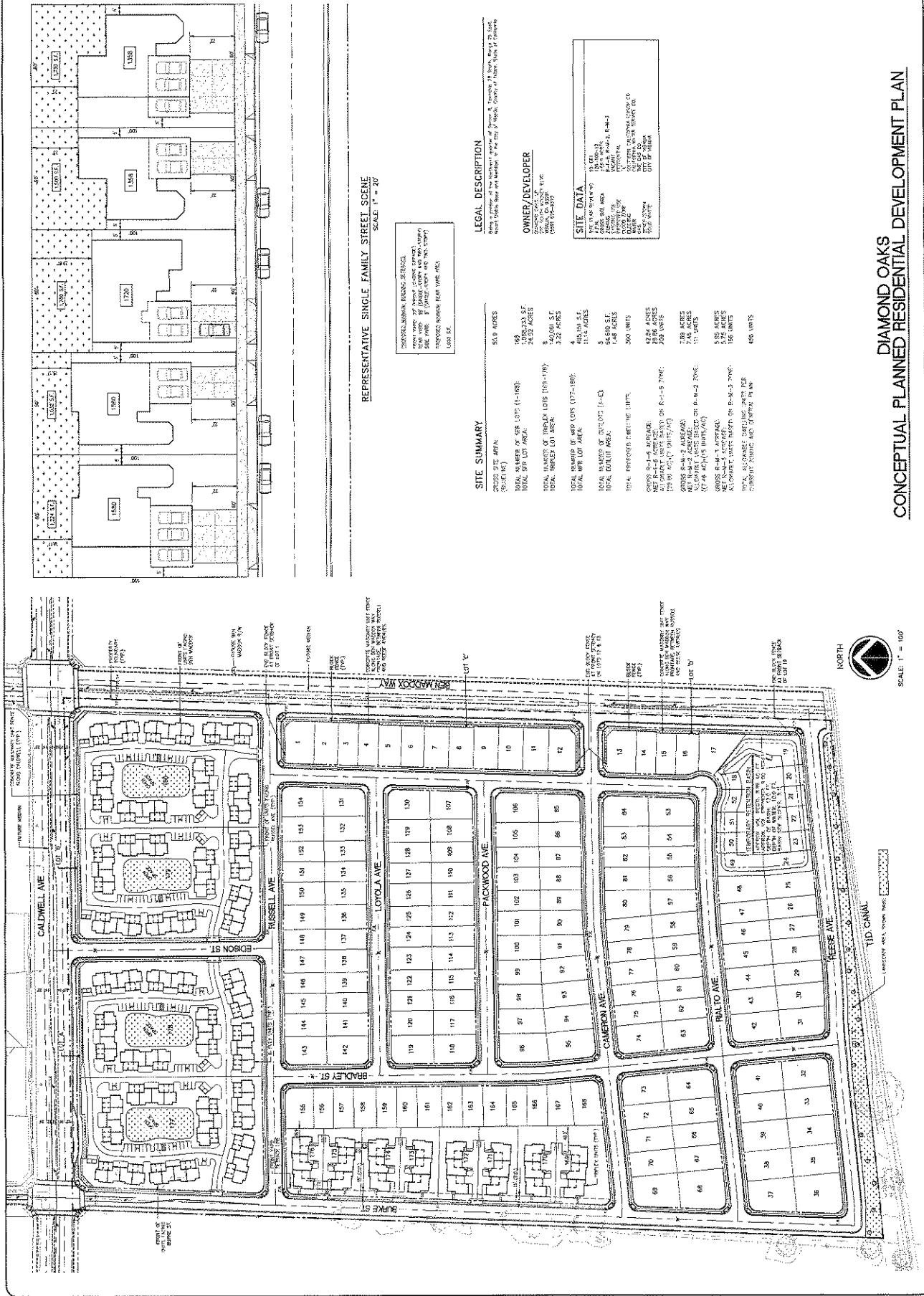
LANE ENGINEERS INC.  
CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING  
975 N. Birchstone Street  
Tulsa, Okla. 93274  
(595) 688-6263

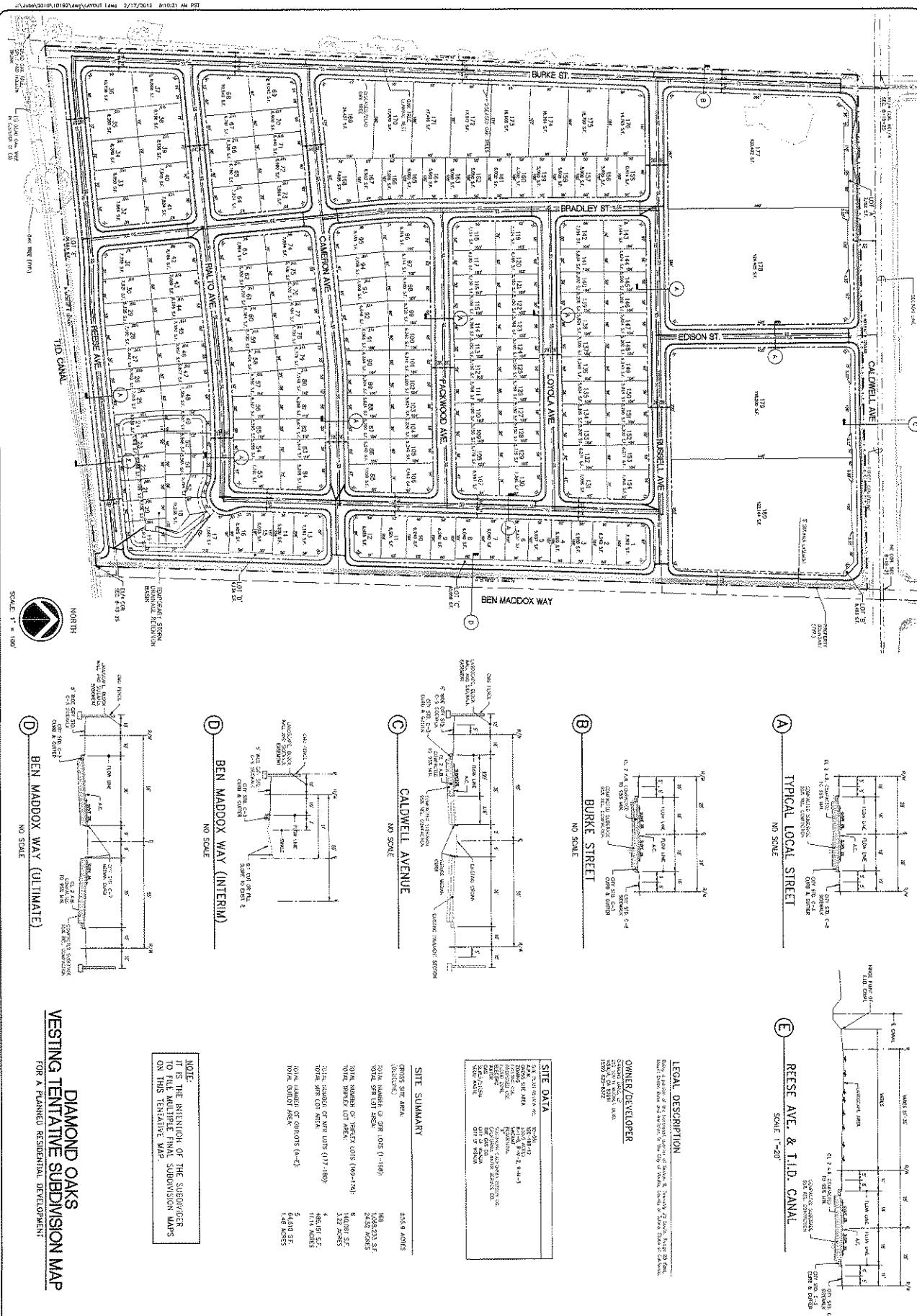
A series of four horizontal lines of increasing length from top to bottom, followed by a wavy line at the bottom.

DIAMOND OAKS, LP  
CONCEPTUAL PRO PLAN FOR

**PRD11**

NAME	APO
PLATE	5-10-12
SCENE	NOTED
ACT/CHAR	1/S
SEEN?	YES
JOB NO.	1192





VESTING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP  
DIAMOND OAKS

**DIAMOND OAKS  
TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION**

NOTE:  
IT IS THE INTENTION OF THE SUBDIVIDER  
TO FILL MULTIPLE FINAL SUBDIVISION  
MAPS  
ON THIS TENTATIVE MAP.

FOR A PLANNED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

STING TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP FOR:  
**DIAMOND OAKS, LP**  
ALIA, CALIFORNIA

**LANE ENGINEERS INC.**  
CIVIL • STRUCTURAL • SURVEYING  
879 N. Blackstone Street  
Tulare, California 93274  
(559) 688-5283



NO.	DATE	REVISIONS

**Technical Appendix**  
*(Available Upon Request)*

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49 Page 1-1  
 Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Scenario: AM Phase I Scenario Report

Command: Default Command  
 Volume: AM Peak Phase I  
 Geometry: Default Impact Fee  
 Impact Fee: AM Peak  
 Trip Generation: Existing Plus Phase I  
 Trip Distribution: Default Path  
 Paths: Default Route  
 Configuration: Default Configuration

AM phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49 Page 2-1  
 Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Scenario: AM Phase I Scenario Report

Command: Default Command  
 Volume: AM Peak Phase I  
 Geometry: Default Impact Fee  
 Impact Fee: AM Peak  
 Trip Generation: Existing Plus Phase I  
 Trip Distribution: Default Path  
 Paths: Default Route  
 Configuration: Default Configuration

Forecast for AM Peak

Zone #	Subzone	Amount	Units	In	Out	Rate	Trips In	Trips Out	Total Trips	% Of Total
1	Zone 1 Subtotal	94.00	AM Peak	0.21	0.79	20	7.4	94	100.0	
TOTAL						20	7.4	94	100.0	



AM Phase I		AM Phase I		AM Phase I					
Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49		Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49		Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49					
Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1339		Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1339		Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1339					
<b>Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I Impact Analysis Report</b>									
<b>Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I</b>									
Intersection	Level of Service	Base	Future Pct / V/ LOS Veh	Change in LOS Veh	Future Met [Del / Vol]				
# 1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	C	18.2	0.971	E 37.0 0.400	# 1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street No / No				
# 2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	B	19.8	0.539	+ 18.801 D/V	# 2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way No / No				
# 3 Caldwell Avenue/Eidien Street	A	0.0	0.000	S 10.9 0.024	# 3 Caldwell Avenue/Eidien Street No / No				
# 4 Russell Ave/Burke St		0.0	0.000	A 9.3 0.015	# 4 Russell Ave/Burke St No / No				
# 5 Cameron Ave/Burke St.		0.0	0.000	A 8.5 0.004	# 5 Cameron Ave/Burke St No / No				

AM Phase I		AM Phase I		AM Phase I					
Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49		Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49		Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49					
Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1339		Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1339		Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1339					
<b>Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I Impact Analysis Report</b>									
<b>Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I</b>									
Intersection	Level of Service	Base	Future Pct / V/ LOS Veh	Change in LOS Veh	Future Met [Del / Vol]				
# 1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	C	18.2	0.971	E 37.0 0.400	# 1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street No / No				
# 2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way	B	19.8	0.539	+ 18.801 D/V	# 2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way No / No				
# 3 Caldwell Avenue/Eidien Street	A	0.0	0.000	S 10.9 0.024	# 3 Caldwell Avenue/Eidien Street No / No				
# 4 Russell Ave/Burke St		0.0	0.000	A 9.3 0.015	# 4 Russell Ave/Burke St No / No				
# 5 Cameron Ave/Burke St.		0.0	0.000	A 8.5 0.004	# 5 Cameron Ave/Burke St No / No				

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49 Page 7-1

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49 Page 7-2

Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1619

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection # Callewell Avenue/Burke Street

Base Volume Alternatives: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement: L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R =

Control: Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 11 0 0 27 0 684 8

ApproachVol: XXXXX XXXXXX

Approach (Southbound) [Lanes=1] [control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.2]

FAIL - Approach hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

SIGNAL Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=38]

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

SIGNAL Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=1] [total volume=147]

SUCCEED - Total volume greater than or equal to 650 for intersection with less than four approaches.

#### SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49 Page 7-1

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49 Page 7-2

Diamond Oaks TIR 55-2454-01/CN 1639

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection # Callewell Avenue/Burke Street

Base Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement: L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R =

Control: Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 11 0 0 27 0 684 8

Major Street Volume: 1109

Minor Approach Volume: 38

Minor Approach Volume Threshold: 249

#### SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Diamond Oaks TIR

55-244-01/CN 1639

## Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

## Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R

Control: stop sign Uncontrolled Stop Sign

Lanes: 0 0 1: 0 0 0 0 1: 0 0 0 0 1: 0 0 0 0 1: 0 0 0 0

Initial Vol: 37 6 16 11 2 27 11 407 9 8 684 8

ApproachVol: 37.0

Approach(Northbound)[Lane=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.6]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=9]

FAIL - Approach Rule #3: [approach count=4][total volume=1226]

Signal Warrant Rule #4: [approach volume less than or equal to 800 for intersection with four or more approaches.]

Approach(Southbound)[Lane=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.2]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 9 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=10]

FAIL - Approach Rule #3: [approach count=4][total volume=1226]

Signal Warrant Rule #4: [approach volume greater than or equal to 800 for intersection with four or more approaches.]

Approach(Northbound)[Lane=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [approach volume=10]

FAIL - Approach Rule #2: [approach volume=10]

FAIL - Approach Rule #3: [approach count=4][total volume=1226]

Signal Warrant Rule #4: [approach volume greater than or equal to 800 for intersection with four or more approaches.]

## SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" or the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrants (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2450-01/VN 1639

## Existing AM Peak hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report  
Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street  
Base Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound
Movement:	L = T = R	L = T = R	L = T = R	L = T = R
Control:	Stop sign	Uncontrolled	Stop sign	Uncontrolled
Janes:	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
Initial Vol:	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
ApproachVol:	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx

## SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2450-01/VN 1639

## Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]  
Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street  
Base Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound
Movement:	L = T = R	L = T = R	L = T = R	L = T = R
Control:	stop sign	Uncontrolled	stop sign	Uncontrolled
Lanes:	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Initial Vol:	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Major Street Volume:	1109			
Minor Approach Volume:	0			
Minor Approach Volume Threshold:	192			

## SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49

Page 7-7

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49

Page 7-8

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/GN 1639

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street

Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound

Movement: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R

Control: Stop sign | Stop sign | Stop sign | Stop sign

Lanes: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 15 0 0 0 0 43 1 0 700 0

Approach: 10.9 XXXXX XXXXXX

Approach (northbound) [control=stop signal]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.8]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=15]

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=3][total volume=149]

SUCCEED - Total volume greater than or equal to 650 for intersection

With less than four approaches.

-

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49

Diamond Oaks TIR

55-2454-01/GN 1639

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound

Movement: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R

Control: Stop sign | Stop sign | Stop sign | Stop sign

Lanes: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 15 0 0 0 0 43 1 0 700 0

Major street Volume: 1.14

Minor Approach Volume: 1.16

Minor Approach Volume Threshold: 1.06

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

Traffix 8.0.0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

Traffix 8.0.0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

Ay Phase I

Page 7-9

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49

Page 7-10

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:49

Diamond Oaks TAR  
55-2494-JCN 1639  
Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #4 Russell Ave/Burke St

North Bound

South Bound

West Bound

East Bound

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.



**SIGNAL AMPLIFY DISCLAIMER**  
This peak hour warrant analysis should be considered solely as an indicator of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant rules (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

THE JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

**SIGNAL WARRANT DISCRETION**  
Signal peak hour warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The Peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond

00715 (F) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEDIA VISIONS, CA

TRAFFIX 8.0-0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50

Page 7-15

AM Phase I

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50

Page 7-16

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/CN 1639

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #5 Cameron Ave/Burke St

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound |

Movement: L = T = R = T = R = L = T = R = R = T = R = L = T = R = R = T = R =

Control: stop sign | stop sign | Uncontrolled | Uncontrolled |

Lanes: 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 12

Approach#1: xxxxxxxx | 8.5 | xxxxxx | 12

Approach(southbound)[lanes=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.0]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=4]

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach counts=2][total volume=16]

FAIL - Total volume less than 650 for intersection with less than four approaches.

Signal Warrant DISCARNER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative)										
Level Of Service Computation Report										
Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Marie Street										
Average Delay (sec/veh):	0.7	Worst Case Level Of Service:	C1	18.2						
Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound						
Attachment:	L - T - R	L - T - R	L - T - R	L - T - R						
Movement:										
Control:	Stop Sign	Uncontrolled	Uncontrolled	Uncontrolled						
Rights:	Include	Include	Include	Include						
Lanes:	0 0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 0	1 0 0 1 0						
Volume Module:										
Base Vol:	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	11 0 27	11 406 0	0 0	684 8				
Growth Adj:	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	
Initial Base:	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	11 0 27	11 406 0	0 0	684 8				
User Adj:	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	
EMR Adj:	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92	
Reduced Vol:	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	12 0 29	12 441 0	0 0	743 9				
Final Volume:	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	12 0 29	12 441 0	0 0	743 9				

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Page 9-1

RW Phase I

---

Diamond Oaks TWAR  
55-2454-01CN 1619

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Level of Service Detailed Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsigned Method

\*\*\*\*\*Base Volume Alternative\*\*\*\*\*

Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street

Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound
Movement:	L - T - R	L - T - R	L - T - R	L - T - R
Heveen:	3%	3%	5%	5%
Grade:	0%	0%	0%	0%
Peds/Hour:	0	0	0	0
Pedestrian Walk Speed:	4.00 feet/sec			
LaneWidth:	12 foot	12 foot	12 foot	12 foot
Time Period:	0.25 hour			
Upstream Signals:				
Link Index:				
Dist(miles):				
Speed (mph):				
Signal/Index:				
Cycle Time:				
InitVolume:				
Saturation:				
ArrivalType:				

© 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

Traffix 8.0.0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50	Page 10-1
<b>Diamond Oaks TIR</b>	
55-2454-01/N 1639	
<b>Existing AN Peak Hour + Phase I</b>	
<b>Level Of Service Computation Report</b>	
<b>2.6 Worst Case Level Of Service: El. 37.01</b>	
<b>2.6.1 Existing HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)</b>	
<b>Intersection #3: Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street</b>	
<b>Average Delay (sec/veh):</b>	
<b>Approach:</b>	
North Bound	South Bound
L - T - R	L - T - R
<b>Control:</b>	
Stop Sign	Uncontrolled
<b>Bright:</b>	
Include	Include
<b>Lanes:</b>	
0 0 1! 0	0 0 1! 0
<b>Available Module:</b>	
<b>Base Vol:</b>	
1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00
<b>Growth Adj:</b>	
1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00
<b>Initial Adj:</b>	
1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00
<b>Added Vol:</b>	
0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
<b>PassengerVol:</b>	
0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
<b>Critical Adj:</b>	
1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00
<b>User Adj:</b>	
1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00
<b>PEH Volume:</b>	
0.92 0.92 0.92	0.92 0.92 0.92
<b>Phase Volume:</b>	
40 7	12 2
<b>Total Vol:</b>	
0 0 0	0 0 0
<b>Final Volume:</b>	
40 7	12 2
<b>Critical Gap Module:</b>	
<b>Critical GP:</b>	
7.1 6.5 6.2	7.1 6.5 6.2
<b>FollowUpTime:</b>	
3.5 4.0	3.3 3.5 4.0
<b>Level of Services Module:</b>	
<b>Capacity Module:</b>	
xxxx xxxx xxxx	xxxx xxxx xxxx
Control Delays: xxxx xxxx xxxx	xxxx xxxx xxxx
LossCap: 125.1241	124.81241
Potent Cap.: 148 174	149 174
Move Cap.: 134 170	138 170
Wavetime/Cap.: 0.30 0.04	0.03 0.09 0.01
<b>Level of Services Module:</b>	
<b>2.6.2 WATTHQ: xxxx xxxx xxxx</b>	
<b>Control Delays: xxxx xxxx xxxx</b>	
By Move:	*
Movement:	LT - LTR - RT
Shared Cap.: xxxx 175.0000	255.0000
SharedPcap: 1.6 0.0000	2.0 0.0000
Sturd Coundel: xxxx 37.0 0.0000	22.0 0.0000
Shared LOS:	*
ApproachDel:	*
ApproachLOS:	*
<b>C</b>	



AM Phase I Page 13-2

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2154-01/CN 1339 Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Level of Service Detailed Computation Report (HS2000 Queue Method)

2000 HCM Operations Method

Base Volume Alternative

Intersection #2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddy Way

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

Green/Cycle:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.25	0.11	0.63	0.00	0.60	0.52	0.52
ArrivalType:	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
ProxFactor:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Q1:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	5.2	2.8	4.4	0.0	0.0	9.9	0.2
UpstreamVC:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
UpstreamAdj:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EarlyArrived:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
Q2:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HOMPKQene:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	6.3	3.8	4.8	0.0	0.0	11.0	0.2
70th%Factor:	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.20	1.20	1.18	1.20	1.20
HOMPK70thHQ:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	7.5	4.6	5.7	0.0	0.0	13.0	0.3
85th%Factor:	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.54	1.56	1.56	1.60	1.60	1.51	1.60	1.60
HOMPK85thHQ:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	9.8	6.0	7.4	0.0	0.0	16.6	0.4
90th%Factor:	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.79	1.80	1.69	1.73	1.72	1.80	1.80	1.63	1.80
HOMPK90thHQ:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	10.7	6.6	8.2	0.0	0.0	18.0	0.4
95th%Factor:	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.09	2.10	1.92	1.98	1.96	2.10	2.10	1.63	2.09
HOMPK95thHQ:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	12.2	7.6	9.3	0.0	0.0	20.1	0.5
98th%Factor:	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.67	2.70	2.31	2.94	2.39	2.70	2.70	2.13	2.68
HOMPK98thHQ:	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	14.7	9.4	11.4	0.0	0.0	23.5	0.6	

AM Phase I Page 13-3

Fri May 31, 2013 08:59:50 Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/CN 1339 Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Fuel Consumption and Emissions

2000 HCM Operations Method

Base Volume Alternative

Intersection #2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddy Way

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

RDN Speed:	30 MPH	30 MPH	30 MPH	30 MPH
RPM/Stroke:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
RPM:	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
Name: Year 1995 composite fleet				
Fuel Consumption:	31.958 pounds	31.958 pounds	31.958 pounds	31.958 pounds
Carbon Dioxide:	5.177 gallons	5.177 gallons	5.177 gallons	5.177 gallons
Carbon Monoxide:	99.710 pounds	99.710 pounds	99.710 pounds	99.710 pounds
Hydrocarbons:	7.606 pounds	7.606 pounds	7.606 pounds	7.606 pounds
Nitrogen Oxides:	1.318 pounds	1.318 pounds	1.318 pounds	1.318 pounds
Name: Year 2000 composite fleet				
Fuel Consumption:	31.958 pounds	31.958 pounds	31.958 pounds	31.958 pounds
Carbon Dioxide:	5.177 gallons	5.177 gallons	5.177 gallons	5.177 gallons
Carbon Monoxide:	99.710 pounds	99.710 pounds	99.710 pounds	99.710 pounds
Hydrocarbons:	7.606 pounds	7.606 pounds	7.606 pounds	7.606 pounds
Nitrogen Oxides:	1.318 pounds	1.318 pounds	1.318 pounds	1.318 pounds

DISCLAIMER

The fuel consumption and emissions measures should be used with caution and only for comparisons of different signal timing, geometric design alternatives or for general planning applications, as these calculations are applied to the analysis of a single intersection within the CCG and RAFFIX. Network models are more appropriate since they can account for the influence of the adjacent control measures and other system elements.



AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Page 15-2

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Page 15-3

Diamond Oaks TIR

55-2454-01/CN 1639

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Level of Service Detailed Computation Report HCM2000 Queue Method

2000 HCM Operations Method

Future Volume Alternative

Intersection #2 Colbourn Avenue/Ben Maddox Way

North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Approach: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R |

Movement: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R |

Green/Cycle: 0.00 0.00 0.25 0.00 0.25 [1] 0.12 0.63 0.00 0.00 0.51

ArrivalTypes: 3 3 3 3 3

ProFactor: 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

Q: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

UpstreamC: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

DownstreamD: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

EastLinkR: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

EastLinkL: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

WestLinkR: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

WestLinkL: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

NorthLinkR: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

NorthLinkL: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

SouthLinkR: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

SouthLinkL: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

70thFactor: 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.18 1.19 1.20 1.18 1.20

HCM2170hQ: 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0 7.7 5.2 6.0 0.0 0.0 0.3

80thFactor: 1.50 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.50 1.54 1.56 1.55 1.60

HCM2185hQ: 0.0 0.0 0.6 0.0 10.1 6.8 7.8 0.0 0.0 17.2

90thFactor: 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.79 1.80 1.63 1.72 1.71 1.80

HCM2190hQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 0.0 11.0 7.5 8.6 0.0

95thFactor: 2.10 2.10 2.10 2.09 2.10 1.92 1.97 1.95 2.10

HCM2195hQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.8 0.0 12.5 8.6 9.8 0.0

98thFactor: 2.70 2.70 2.70 2.67 2.70 2.30 2.42 2.38 2.70 2.70

HCM2198hQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 15.1 10.1 11.9 0.0

AM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Page 15-2

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Future Volume Alternative

Intersection #2 Colbourn Avenue/Ben Maddox Way

North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Approach: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R |

Movement: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R |

Run Speed: 30 MPH 30 MPH 30 MPH 30 MPH

NumOfStops: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

Name: year 1995 composite fleet

Fuel Consumption: 33.682 pounds

Carbon Dioxide: 5,456 gallons

Carbon Monoxide: 105,086 pounds

Hydrocarbons: 8,042 pounds

Nitrogen Oxides: 1,296 pounds

Rainbow Oxides: 0.386 pounds

Name: year 2000 composite fleet

Fuel Consumption: 33.682 pounds

Carbon Dioxide: 5,456 gallons

Carbon Monoxide: 105,086 pounds

Hydrocarbons: 8,042 pounds

Nitrogen Oxides: 1,396 pounds

Name: year 2000 composite fleet

Fuel Consumption: 33.682 pounds

Carbon Dioxide: 5,456 gallons

Carbon Monoxide: 105,086 pounds

Hydrocarbons: 8,042 pounds

Nitrogen Oxides: 1,396 pounds

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Page 17-1  
 Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I  
 Level of Service Detailed Computation Report  
 2000 HCM Originized Method  
 Base Volume Alternative  
 Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street  
 Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound  
 Movement: L -> T - R  
 Heavy: 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Grade: 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Peds/Hour: 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Pedestrian Walk Speed: 4.00 feet/sec  
 LaneWidth: 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet  
 Time Period: 0.25 hour  
 Upstream Signals:  
 Link Index:  
 Dist(miles):  
 Speed (mph):  
 SignalIndex:  
 Cycle Time:  
 Saturation:  
 ArrivType:  
 G/C:  
 \*\*\* Computation 1: Time for Queue to Clear at Each Upstream Intersection  
 0.00 0.00  
 0 sec

DeWitt Assocs. Licensed to OMNI-MERGING, VISALIA, CA

```

AM Phase I
Pri May 31, 2013 08:55:00
Page 19-1

***** Diamond Oaks TIRR *****
55-2545-01/CW 1639
Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Level of Service Detailed Computation Report
2000 HCM Unsignalized Method
Future Volume Alternative
*****
Intersection #3 Caldwells Avenue/Edition Street
Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound
Movement: L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R =
Hwy/Veh: 0% 0% 0% 0%
Grade: 0% 0% 0% 0%
Peds/Hour: 0 0 0 0
Pedestrian Walk Speed: 4.00 feet/sec
LaneWidth: 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet
Time Period: 0.25 hour
Upstream Signals:
Link Index: #6
Distance: 0.000
Speed (mph): 0.000
Signal.Index: #2
Cycle Time: 0 secs
Initial Volume: 0 0
Saturation: 0 0
Arrival Type: 0.000 0.000
PCU: 0.00 0.00
g911: 0.00 0.00
9942: 0.00 0.00
***** Computation 1: Time for Queue to Clear at Each Upstream Intersection
P: 0.000 0.000
alpha: 0.000
beta: 0.000
t2 (secs): 0.000
F: 0.000 0.000
f: 0 0
vmax: 0 0
vsg: 0 0
vomin: 0 0
tp: 0.0 0.000
P: 0.000 0.000
***** Computation 3: Plateau Event Periods
Pdom/Probab: 0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
***** Computation 4: Conflicting Flows During Each Unlocked Period
0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
Interventive: 0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
RJCH/Mov: 0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
UpstreamAdj: 0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
Conf/Conflict: 0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
***** Computation 5: Capacity for Subject Substream During Unlocked Period
0.000/0.000/Unconstrained
PstreamCap: 226 204 627 179 204 443 1616 2222 1636 2222
UpstreamAdj: 0.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
PstreamCap.: 226 204 627 179 204 443 1616 2222 1636 2222
Percent Cap.: 100.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000

```

AM Phase I  
 Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50  
 Page 21-1

---

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I  
 Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Onsignified Method (Future Volume Alternative)

---

Intersection #4 Russell Ave/Park St.

Average Delay (sec/veh):

Approach: North Bound Movement: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

Control:	Stop Sign	Uncontrolled	West Bound	East Bound	South Bound	North Bound
Rights:	Include	Include	Incide	Incide	Incide	Incide
Lanes:	0 0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Volume Modifiers:	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Base Vol.:	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0

Worst case level of service: Al [9.3]

---

THE JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

Pri May 31, 2013 08:55:50 Page 22-1  
 Diamond Oaks TIR  
 55-2449-OLCN 1639  
 Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I  
 Level of Service Detailed Congestion Report  
 2000 HCM Unsigned Method  
 Future Volume Alternative  
 \*\*\*\*Intersection H4 Russell Ave/Burke St\*\*\*\*  
 Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound  
 Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R  
 HeavyVeh: 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Grade: 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Peds/Hour: 0 0 0 0  
 Pedestrian Walk Speed: 4.00 feet/sec  
 Lane Width: 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet  
 Pedestrian Period: 0.25 hour  
 \*\*\*\*Intersection H5 Main St/Whitehall\*\*\*\*  
 Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound  
 Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R  
 HeavyVeh: 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Grade: 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Peds/Hour: 0 0 0 0  
 Pedestrian Walk Speed: 4.00 feet/sec  
 Lane Width: 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet

Traffic 8.0.0.0715 (C) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISMILIA, CA

TRAFFIX E.O.0715 (C) 2008 Dowling Assoc. licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

Page 25-1

AM Phase I

Fri May 31, 2013 08:55:50

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/CN 1659

Existing AM Peak Hour + Phase I

Level Of Service Detailed Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method

Future Volume Alternative

Intersection #5 Cameron Ave/Burke St

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement:  $V_n = T - R_n$   $L_n = T - R_n$   $L_n = T - R_n$   $L_n = T - R_n$

Heavy: 0% 0% 0% 0%

Grade: 0% 0% 0% 0%

Peds/Hour: 0 0 0 0

Pedestrian Walk Speed: 4.00 feet/sec

Lane Width: 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet

Time Period: 0.25 hour 12 feet

Traffix 8.0.0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

PM Phase I  
 Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:55  
 Page 1-1

---

Diamond Oaks TIR  
 55-244-01/CN 1339  
 Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

---

Scenario:  
 PM Phase I Scenario Report

Command:  
 Default Command  
 Volume:  
 Phase I  
 Geometry:  
 Impact Fee:  
 Trip Generation:  
 Trip Distribution:  
 Paths:  
 Routes:  
 Configuration:

PM Phase I  
 Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:55  
 Page 2-1

---

Diamond Oaks TIR  
 55-244-01/CN 1339  
 Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

---

Trip Generation Report

Forecast for PM Peak

Zone	# Subzones	Amount	Units	In	Out	Rate	Rate	Trips In	Trips Out	Total Trips	% of Total
1		121.00	PM Peak	0.65	0.38	79	42	121	100.0	79	42
TOTAL			Zone 1 Subtotal			79	42	121	100.0	79	42

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:55  
Page 3-1

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/CN 1339  
Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Trip Distribution Report

Percent of Trips Default

	1	2	3	To Gates	4	6	7	8	10	11
Zone	10.0	8.0	22.0	20.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	20.0	5.0	

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:55  
Page 4-1

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/CN 1339  
Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

EW Phase I

EW Phase I

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Turning Movement Report

PM Peak

Turning Movement Report

PM Peak

	Volume	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound	Westbound	Total
Type	Left Thru Right	Volume				
#1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street						
Base	0	0	4	0	26	31
Added	21	3	9	0	6	36
Total	21	3	9	4	6	949
#2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Maddox Way						
Base	0	0	12	0	253	258
Added	0	0	0	17	9	8
Total	0	0	12	0	270	699
#3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street						
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added	0	9	0	0	0	9
Total	0	9	0	0	0	797
#4 Russell Ave/Burke St.						
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added	0	7	0	60	15	958
Total	0	7	0	60	15	958
#5 Cameron Ave/Burke St						
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added	0	0	15	0	0	15
Total	0	0	15	0	0	15
#6 Russell Ave/Ben Maddox Way						
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0
#7 Cameron Ave/Ben Maddox Way						
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0
#8						
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Added	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 5-1

Diamond Oaks TIR

55-2454-01/CN 1339

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Impact Analysis Report

Level Of Service

Intersection	Base	FUTURE	Change
	Del / V / LOS Veh C	Del / V / LOS Veh C	in
# 1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street	E 35.6 0.118	F 613.8 1.375	+578.221 D/V
# 2 Caldwell Avenue/San Madrid Way	C 31.4 0.878	C 34.6 0.507	+ 3.264 D/V
# 3 Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street	A 0.0 0.000	C 18.3 0.035	+18.277 D/V
# 4 Russell Ave/Burke St	A 0.0 0.000	A 9.2 0.059	+ 9.171 D/V
# 5 Cameron Ave/Burke St	A 0.0 0.000	A 8.6 0.015	+ 8.552 D/V

EM Phase I

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 6-1

Diamond Oaks TIR

55-2454-01/CN 1339

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Impact Analysis Report

Level Of Service

Signal Warrant Summary Report

Intersection

Base Met

[Del / Vol]

Future Met

[Del / Vol]

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2464-01/CN 1639

Existing PM Peak Hour & Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street

Base Volume Alternative: Peak hour warrant NOT Met

Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound
Movement:	L → T → R	L → R	L → T	R → L

Control:

Stop Sign	Uncontrolled
Lanes:	0 0 1; 0 0 1 0
Initial Vol:	0 0 11 0 0 1 0
ApproachVol:	xxxxxx
ApproachVol:	35.6

Approach[Southbound][lanes=1][control=top Signal]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.3]

SIGNAL WARRANT RULE #1: [approach volume=10]

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=3][total volume=2069]

SUCCEED - Total volume greater than or equal to 650 for intersection with less than four approaches.

**SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER**

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2464-01/CN 1639

Existing PM Peak Hour & Phase I

Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street

Base Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound
Movement:	L → T → R	L → R	L → T → R	R → L

Control:

Stop Sign	Uncontrolled
Lanes:	0 0 1; 0 0 1 0
Initial Vol:	0 0 11 0 0 1 0
Major street Volume:	30
Minor Approach Volume:	30

Major street Volume threshold: 39 [less than minimum of 100]

**SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER**

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-3

Page 7-4

PM Phase I

Page 7-4

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-3

Page 7-4

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01CN 1339

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Mark Street

Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound

Movement: L - T - R - L - T - R - L - T - R - L - T - R

Control: Stop Sign | Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0

Initial Vol: 21 3 9 4 6 26 102.7 XXXXX

Approach Vol: 613.8

Approach [Southbound] [Lanes=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=5]

SUCCESS - Vehicle-hours greater than or equal to 4 for one lane approach.

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=1][total volume=2161]

SUCCESS - Total volume greater than or equal to 800 for intersection

with four or more approaches.

Approach [Southbound] [Lanes=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=1.0]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=36]

SUCCESS - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=1][total volume=181]

SUCCESS - Total volume greater than or equal to 800 for intersection

with four or more approaches.

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

PM Phase I

Page 7-4

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-3

Page 7-4

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01CN 1339

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #1 Caldwell Avenue/Burke Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound

Movement: L - T - R - L - T - R - L - T - R - L - T - R - L - T - R

Control: Stop Sign | Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0

Initial Vol: 21 3 9 4 6 26 102.7 XXXXX

Approach Vol: 613.8

Approach [Southbound] [Lanes=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=5]

SUCCESS - Vehicle-hours greater than or equal to 4 for one lane approach.

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=1][total volume=2161]

SUCCESS - Total volume greater than or equal to 800 for intersection

with four or more approaches.

Approach [Southbound] [Lanes=1][control=stop sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=1.0]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=36]

SUCCESS - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=1][total volume=181]

SUCCESS - Total volume greater than or equal to 800 for intersection

with four or more approaches.

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-5

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-6

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-244-01/CN 1639

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Approach:	North Bound	South Bound	East Bound	West Bound
Movement:	L → T → R	I → T → R	L → T → R	L → T → R
Control:	Stop Sign	Uncontrolled	Stop Sign	Uncontrolled
Lanes:	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0
Initial Vol:	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Approachable:	XXXXXX	XXXXXX	XXXXXX	XXXXXX

SIGNAL WARRANT™ DISCLOSURE

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

PEAK HOUR VOLUME SIGNAL WARRANT REPORT [Urban]  
Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Fairion Street  
Base Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Movement: L → T → R I → T → R L → T → R L → T → R

Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Major Street Volume: 0 1993

Minor Approach Volume: 0

Minor Approach Volume Threshold: 35 [less than minimum of 100]

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLOSURE

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Fri May 31, 2013 03:56:56

Page 7-7

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-8

Fri May 31, 2013 03:56:56

Page 7-7

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-8

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-244-01CN 1639

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #3 Calwell Avenue/Edition Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound

Movement: L = T = R = T = R = T = R

Control: Stop Sign

Lanes: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 1083 0

Approach: 18.3 XXXXXX

Approach[notbound][lanes=1][control=stop Sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: [vehicle-hours=0.0]

FAIL - Vehicle-hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: [approach volume=9]

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: [approach count=3][total volume=054]

SUCCESS - Total volume greater than or equal to 650 for intersection with less than four approaches.

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Fri May 31, 2013 03:56:56

Page 7-7

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56

Page 7-8

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-244-01CN 1639

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #3 Calwell Avenue/Edition Street

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound

Movement: L = T = R = T = R = T = R

Control: Stop Sign

Lanes: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0

Initial Vol: 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 98 0

Major Street Volume: 2045

Minor Approach Volume: 9

Minor Approach Volume Threshold: 29 (less than minimum of 100)

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Diamond Oaks TIP

55-2454-01/CN 1639

## Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

## Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #4 Russell Ave/Burke St  
 Approach: L - T - R - L - South Bound | East Bound | West Bound |  
 Movement: L - T - R - L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R |  
 Control: Stop Sign | Stop Sign | Stop Sign | Uncontrolled  
 Lanes: 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1  
 Initial Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 ApproachVol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 ApproachDel: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

## SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

PW Phase I

Page 7-10

Diamond Oaks TIP

55-2454-01/CN 1639

## Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

## Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #4 Russell Ave/Burke St  
 Approach: L - T - R | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound |  
 Movement: L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R | L - T - R |  
 Control: Stop Sign | Stop Sign | Stop Sign | Uncontrolled  
 Lanes: 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1  
 Initial Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Major Street Volume: 0  
 Minor Approach Volume: 0  
 Minor Approach Volume Threshold: Inf

## SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.



**SIGNAL WAVEFRONT DISPLACEMENT** This peak hear signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an indicator of the likelihood of a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based warrants such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants.

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

the scope of this software, may yield different results.

KRAFFIX 8-0-0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

ONNI-MEANS, VISCIA, CA  
Dowling Assoc. Licensed to

PW Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56 Page 7-15

PW Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56 Page 7-16

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01LCN 1339

Existing PW Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Delay Signal Warrant Report

Intersection #5 Cameron Ave/Burke St.

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound

Movement: L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R =

Control: Stop sign | Uncontrolled | Stop sign | Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7

ApproachVol: xxxxxx | xxxxxx | xxxxxx | xxxxxx

Approach (southbound) [lanes=1][control=stop, sign]

Signal Warrant Rule #1: (vehicle-hours=0.0)

FAIL - Approach hours less than 4 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #2: (approach volume=1)

FAIL - Approach volume less than 100 for one lane approach.

Signal Warrant Rule #3: (approach count=2)[total volume=22]

FAIL - Total volume less than 650 for intersection with less than four approaches.

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).

The peak hour warrant analysis in this report is not intended to replace a rigorous and complete traffic signal warrant analysis by the responsible jurisdiction. Consideration of the other signal warrants, which is beyond the scope of this software, may yield different results.

Existing PW Peak Hour + Phase I

Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01LCN 1339

Existing PW Peak Hour + Phase I

Peak Hour Volume Signal Warrant Report [Urban]

Intersection #5 Cameron Ave/Burke St.

Future Volume Alternative: Peak Hour Warrant NOT Met

Approach: North Bound | South Bound | East Bound | West Bound

Movement: L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R = L = T = R =

Control: Stop sign | Uncontrolled | Stop sign | Uncontrolled

Lanes: 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

Initial Vol: 0 0 0 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7

Major Street Volume: 7

Minor Approach Volume: 15

Minor Approach Volume Threshold: 15

SIGNAL WARRANT DISCLAIMER

This peak hour signal warrant analysis should be considered solely as an "indicator" of the likelihood of an unsignalized intersection warranting a traffic signal in the future. Intersections that exceed this warrant are probably more likely to meet one or more of the other volume based signal warrant (such as the 4-hour or 8-hour warrants).







Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56  
PM Phase I  
Page 13-2

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56  
PM Phase I  
Diamond Oaks TIR  
55-2454-01/CN 1639  
Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Level of Service Detailed Computation Report (HCMDT Queue Method)

2000 HCM Operations Method

Base Volume Alternative

Intersection #2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Modox Way

\* \* \* \* \* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Approach: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

Movement: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

Green/Cycle: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.19 0.00 0.19 0.69 0.00 0.00 0.51 0.51

ArrivalType: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

ArrivalRate: 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

ProgFactor: 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

Q1: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.3 0.7 0.6 10.8 0.0 0.0 20.9 0.1

UpstreamPC: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

UpstreamAdj: 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

DownstreamPC: 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00

DownstreamAdj: 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00

Q2: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

HCMQueue: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.3

70th%Factor: 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.18 1.17 1.17 1.20 1.15 1.20

HCM2x50HQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.4 0.0 0.4 0.0 0.4 0.0 0.4

85th%Factor: 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.51 1.50 1.50 1.60 1.60

HCM2x50HQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0 0.5 0.0 0.5 0.0 0.5

90th%Factor: 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.79 1.80 1.63 1.62 1.62 1.80 1.80

HCM2x50HQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.6

95th%Factor: 2.10 2.10 2.10 2.09 2.10 1.82 1.81 1.82 2.10 2.10

HCM2x50HQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.7 0.0 0.7 0.0 0.7 0.0 0.7

98th%Factor: 2.70 2.70 2.70 2.67 2.70 2.12 2.11 2.09 2.70 2.70

HCM2x50HQ: 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.9

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:56  
PM Phase I  
Plaisted Oaks TAR  
55-2454-01/CN 1639  
Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Existing PM Peak Hour + Phase I

Fuel Consumption and Emissions

2006 HCM Operations Method

Base Volume Alternative

Intersection #2 Caldwell Avenue/Ben Modox Way

\* \* \* \* \* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound

Approach: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

Movement: L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R L = T = R

Run Speed: 30 MPH 30 MPH 30 MPH 30 MPH

RunDistps: 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.6 0.0 66.8 68.3 97.5 0.0 0.0 188 1.1

Name: Year 1995 composite fleet

Fuel Consumption: 74.365 pounds

Carbon Dioxide: 12.047 gallons

Carbon Monoxide: 232.020 pounds

Hydrocarbons: 18.495 pounds

Nitrogen Oxides: 3.423 pounds

Water/Oxides: 0.833 pounds

Name: Year 2000 composite fleet

Fuel Consumption: 74.365 pounds

Carbon Dioxide: 12.047 gallons

Carbon Monoxide: 232.020 pounds

Hydrocarbons: 18.455 pounds

Nitrogen Oxides: 3.423 pounds

Water/Oxides: 0.832 pounds

DIRECTAMR

The fuel consumption and emissions measures should be used with

caution and only for comparisons of different signal timings, geometric

design alternatives or for general planning applications, as these

calculations are applied to the analysis of a single intersection within the

CGG and TRAFFIX. Network models are more appropriate since they can

account for the influence of the adjacent control measures and other system

elements.

PM Phase I Fri May 31, 2013 09:56:36 Diamond Oaks Tiar 55-2054-01/CN 1639 Page 1 of 1

TRAFFIX 8.0.0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA



File May 31, 2013 08:56:57  
 Diamond Oaks TIR  
 Existing PM Peak 1/CR 1639  
 Level of Service Computation Report  
 Existing PM Hour + Phase I  
 2008 ACM Unsignalized Method Base Volume All  
 Intersection # Caldwell Avenue/Edison Street  
 Worst Case Level of Service Analysis  
 Average delay (sec/cyc): 0.0  
 Approach: North Bound East Bound  
 L -> T -> R L -> T -> R  
 Stop Sign Stop Sign  
 Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign  
 Include: Include  
 Rights: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Landmarks: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Volume Module:  
 Base Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Peak Cutoff Adj: 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00  
 Initial Ese: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Peak Adj: 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00  
 Peak Adj: 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92  
 Peak Volume: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Reduced Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Final Volume: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Critical Gap Redule: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 Critical Gap Volume: 6.2 XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX  
 Critical Gap Volume: 2XXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX

Fri May 31, 2013 08:56:57  
 Page 17-1  
 PM Phase I  
 Existing PN Peak Hour + Phase 1  
 Level Of Service Detailed Computation Report  
 2000 HCM Unsignalized Method  
 Base Volume Alternative  
 Intersection #3 Caldwell Avenue/Edition Street  
 Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound  
 Movement: U - T - R L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R  
 HeavyVeh: 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Grade: 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%  
 Ped/Hour: 0 0 0 0 0  
 Pedestrian Walk Speed: 4.00 feet/sec  
 LaneWidth: 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet 12 feet  
 Time Period: 0.25 hour  
 Upstream Signals:  
 Link Index:  
 Dist(miles):  
 Speed (mph):  
 SignalIndex:  
 CycleTime:  
 TrunTime:  
 Saturation:  
 ArrivalType:  
 G/C: \* Computation 1: Time for Queue to Clear at Each Upstream Intersection

affix S-O-0715 (c) 2008 Denning Assoc. licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

TRAFFIX 8-0-0715 (c) 2008 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to OMNI-MEANS, VISALIA, CA

