2019 VISALIA HOUSING ELEMENT UPDATE TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Monday, March 11, 2019, 3:00 p.m. - 4:30 p.m. City Hall East, 315 E. Acequia Avenue, Conference Room 4

Committee Members:

Betsy McGovern-Garcia, Self-Help Enterprises
Brian Todd, Building Industry Assoc. of Tulare/Kings Counties
Deanna Miller, Christian Church Homes
Dirk Holkeboer, Habitat for Humanity
Fran Hipskind, Tulare County Association of Realtors
Ken Kugler, Housing Authority of Tulare County
Machele Smith, Kings Tulare Homeless Alliance
Mary Alice Escarsega-Fechner, Community Services & Employment Training
Marvin Hansen, Planning Commission
Sarrah Peariso, Planning Commission



Hyde House, 500 S. Court Street

Support Staff:

Brandon Smith, Senior Planner. (559) 713-4636, brandon.smith@visalia.city Paul Bernal, City Planner. (559) 713-4025, paul.scheibel@visalia.city Paul Scheibel, Principal Planner. (559) 713-4369, paul.scheibel@visalia.city Rhonda Haynes, Housing Specialist. (559) 713-4460, rhonda.haynes@visalia.city

MEETING AGENDA

- 1. Welcome and Introductions
- 2. Public Comment
- 3. Purpose of Committee
- 4. Housekeeping Items
 - A. Select Chair and Vice-Chair
 - B. Meeting Days, Times, Location
 - C. Discuss Timeline, to comply with December 31, 2019 deadline
 - D. Discuss Council Direction
- 5. Committee Materials and Document Distribution
 - A. 2015 Housing Element (distributed separately and available at City website)
 - B. New State Legislation & Requirements (refer to attachment)
 - C. Working Data Overview (refer to attachments)
- 6. Committee Member Discussion to Identify Key Issues Going Forward
- 7. Closing Comments / Next Steps
 - A. Coordinate Public Outreach
 - B. Review of Current Housing Element Policies
- 8. Adjourn. Next Meeting Date and Time: _____

Other Measures of Importance

In addition to the notable bills described here, Gov. Brown signed several other measures that provide new inclusionary powers to local governments, require additional General Plan reporting, increase housing element requirements and expand HCD's ability to review actions taken at the local level.

AB 1505 (Bloom, Chapter 376, Statutes of 2017) allows a jurisdiction to adopt an ordinance that requires a housing development to include a certain percentage of residential rental units affordable to and occupied by households with incomes that do not exceed limits for households with extremely low, very low, low or moderate income (see "AB 1505 Offers Solution to Palmer Decision" below). Such an ordinance must provide alternative means of compliance such as in-lieu fees, off-site construction, etc.

HCD may review any inclusionary rental housing ordinance adopted after Sept. 15, 2017, as follows:

- If the ordinance requires more than 15 percent to be occupied by households earning 80 percent or less of area median income and the jurisdiction failed to either meet at least 75 percent of its share of its above-moderate income RHNA (prorated based on the length of time within the planning period) or submit a General Plan annual report;
- HCD may request an economic feasibility study with evidence that such an ordinance does not unduly constrain the production of housing; and
- Within 90 days of submission of the economic feasibility study, HCD must decide whether the study meets the section's requirements. If not, the city must limit the ordinance to 15 percent low-income.

AB 1505 Offers Solution to Palmer Decision

The court in Palmer/Sixth Street Properties L.P. v. City of Los Angeles, (2009) 175 Cal. App. 4th 1396, invalidated a Los Angeles inclusionary housing requirement contained in a Specific Plan for an area of the city as applied to rental units on the basis that its pricing controls violated the Costa-Hawkins Act, which outlawed traditional rent control in new buildings in California. The court reasoned that the Costa-Hawkins Act pre-empted the application of inclusionary housing ordinances to rental housing. As a result of the decision, many cities with inclusionary housing ordinances suspended or amended their ordinances as applied to rental units; some adopted affordable housing rental impact fees. AB 1505 offers a solution and response to the Palmer decision.

AB 879 (Grayson, Chapter 374, Statutes of 2017) expands upon existing law that requires, by April 1 of each year, general law cities to send an annual report to their respective city councils, the state Office of Planning and Research (OPR) and HCD that includes information related to the implementation of the General Plan, including:

- The city's progress in meeting its share of RHNA;
- The city's progress in removing governmental constraints to the maintenance, improvement and development of housing;
 and
- Actions taken by the city toward completion of the programs identified in its housing element and the status of the city's compliance with the deadlines in its housing element.

Under AB 879, all cities including charter cities must submit an annual report containing the above information. In addition, cities must also provide the following new information in the annual report:

- The number of housing development applications received in the prior year;
- The number of units included in all development applications in the prior year;
- The number of units approved and disapproved in the prior year;
- A listing of sites rezoned to accommodate that portion of the city's RHNA for each income level that could not be accommodated in its housing element inventory and any additional sites identified under the "no net loss" provisions;
- The net number of new units of housing that have been issued
 a "completed entitlement," building permit or certificate of
 occupancy thus far in the housing element cycle (identified by
 the Assessor's Parcel Number) and the income category that
 each unit of housing satisfied (distinguishing between rental
 and for-sale units);
- The number of applications submitted under the new processing provided for by Section 65913.4 (enacted by SB 35), the location and number of developments approved pursuant to this new process, the total number of building permits issued pursuant to this new process and total number of units constructed pursuant to this new process; and
- The number of units approved within a Workforce Housing Opportunity Zone.

AB 879 also requires cities to include additional information when they submit their housing element to HCD, including:

- An analysis of governmental constraints that must include local ordinances that "directly impact the cost and supply of residential development"; and
- An analysis of nongovernmental constraints that must include requests to develop housing at densities below those anticipated in site inventory and the length of time between receiving approval for housing development and submittal of an application for building permit. The analysis must also include policies to remove nongovernmental constraints.

AB 1397 (Low, Chapter 375, Statutes of 2017) makes numerous changes to how a jurisdiction establishes its housing element site inventory. These changes include the following:

- Sites must be "available" for residential development and have "realistic and demonstrated" potential for redevelopment;
- Parcels must have sufficient water, sewer and dry utilities or part of a mandatory program to provide such utilities;
- Places restrictions on using nonvacant sites as part of the housing element inventory;
- Places limitations on continuing identification of nonvacant sites and certain vacant sites that have not been approved for housing development; and
- Stipulates that lower-income sites must be between one-half acre and 10 acres in size unless evidence is provided that a smaller or larger site is adequate.

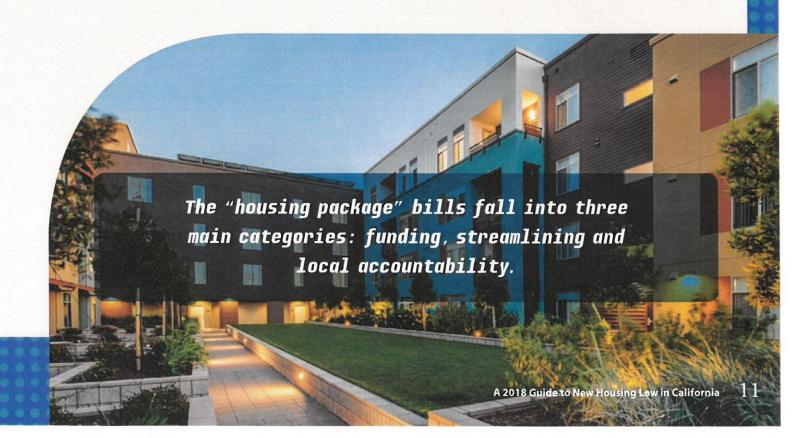
AB 72 (Santiago, Chapter 370, Statutes of 2017) provides HCD new broad authority to find a jurisdiction's housing element out of substantial compliance if it determines that the jurisdiction fails to act in compliance with its housing element and allows HCD to refer violations of law to the attorney general. Specifically, AB 72:

- Requires HCD to review any action or failure to act by a jurisdiction that it determines is "inconsistent" with an adopted housing element or Section 65583, including any failure to implement any program actions included in the housing element;
- Requires HCD to issue written findings to the city as to
 whether the jurisdiction's action or failure to act complies
 with the jurisdiction's housing element or Section 65583 and
 provides no more than 30 days for the jurisdiction to respond
 to such findings. If HCD finds that the jurisdiction does not
 comply, then HCD can revoke its findings of compliance
 until the jurisdiction comes into compliance; and
- Provides that HCD may notify the attorney general that the jurisdiction is in violation of the Housing Accountability Act, Sections 65863, 65915 and 65008.

continued

Related Resources

For additional information and links to related resources, visit www.cacities.org/housing.



FactFinder (

DP05

ACS DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSING ESTIMATES

2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject		Visalia city, Cal	ifornia	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of
SEX AND AGE				Error
Total population	130,047	+/-49	130,047	(X)
Male	62,580	+/-1,176	48.1%	+/-0.9
Female	67,467	+/-1,184	51.9%	+/-0.9
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	92.8	+/-3.4	(X)	(X)
Under 5 years	11,731	+/-723	9.0%	+/-0.6
5 to 9 years	10,594	+/-1,023	8.1%	+/-0.8
10 to 14 years	11,040	+/-1,047	8.5%	+/-0.8
15 to 19 years	9,786	+/-819	7.5%	+/-0.6
20 to 24 years	8.789	+/-736	6.8%	+/-0.6
25 to 34 years	18,435	+/-952	14.2%	+/-0.7
35 to 44 years	16,766	+/-721	12.9%	+/-0.6
45 to 54 years	14,776	+/-664	11.4%	+/-0.5
55 to 59 years	6,552	+/-615	5.0%	+/-0.5
60 to 64 years	6,637	+/-588	5.1%	+/-0.5
65 to 74 years	8,936	+/-530	6.9%	+/-0.4
75 to 84 years	3,901	+/-382	3.0%	+/-0.3
85 years and over	2,104	+/-326	1.6%	+/-0.3
Median age (years)	31.9	+/-0.7	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	39,455	+/-1,245	30.3%	+/-1.0
16 years and over	94,589	+/-1,263	72.7%	+/-1.0
18 years and over	90,592	+/-1,250	69.7%	+/-1.0
21 years and over	84,317	+/-1,347	64.8%	+/-1.0
62 years and over	18,670	+/-836	14.4%	+/-0.6
65 years and over	14,941	+/-593	11.5%	+/-0.5
18 years and over	90,592	+/-1,250	90,592	(X)
Male	42,834	+/-895	47.3%	+/-0.8
Female	47,758	+/-964	52.7%	+/-0.8
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	89.7	+/-2.7	(X)	(X)

Subject		Visalia city, Cal	ifornia	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
65 years and over	14,941	+/-593	14,941	(X)
Male	6,462	+/-331	43.3%	+/-1.6
Female	8,479	+/-435	56.7%	+/-1.6
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	76.2	+/-5.0	(X)	(X)
RACE				
Total population				
	130,047	+/-49	130,047	(X)
One race	124,109	+/-1,076	95.4%	+/-0.8
Two or more races	5,938	+/-1,072	4.6%	+/-0.8
One race	124,109	+/-1,076	95.4%	+/-0.8
White	101,830	+/-2,259	78.3%	+/-1.7
Black or African American	2,600	+/-554	2.0%	+/-0.4
American Indian and Alaska Native	1,575	+/-503	1.2%	+/-0.4
Cherokee tribal grouping				
Chippewa tribal grouping	136	+/-83	0.1%	+/-0.1
Navajo tribal grouping	0	+/-29	0.0%	+/-0.1
	62	+/-73	0.0%	+/-0.1
Sioux tribal grouping	53	+/-62	0.0%	+/-0.1
Asian	7,433	+/-1,326	5.7%	+/-1.0
Asian Indian	829	+/-579	0.6%	+/-0.4
Chinese	733	+/-429	0.6%	+/-0.3
Filipino	2,681	+/-1,142	2.1%	+/-0.9
Japanese	451	+/-223	0.3%	+/-0.2
Korean	313	+/-274	0.2%	+/-0.2
Vietnamese	108	+/-99	0.1%	+/-0.1
Other Asian	2,318	+/-769	1.8%	+/-0.6
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander				
Native Hawaiian	120	+/-110	0.1%	+/-0.1
	39	+/-40	0.0%	+/-0.1
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	+/-29	0.0%	+/-0.1
Samoan	23	+/-39	0.0%	+/-0.1
Other Pacific Islander	58	+/-84	0.0%	+/-0.1
Some other race	10,551	+/-1,751	8.1%	+/-1.3
Two or more races	5,938	+/-1,072	4.6%	+/-0.8
White and Black or African American	841	+/-313	0.6%	+/-0.2
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	811	+/-260	0.6%	+/-0.2
White and Asian	921	+/-395	0.7%	+/-0.3
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	37	+/-44	0.0%	+/-0.1
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races				
Total population	130,047	+/-49	130,047	(X
White	106,650	+/-2,179	82.0%	
Black or African American	4,236	+/-630	3.3%	
American Indian and Alaska Native				
Asian	2,800	+/-619	2.2%	
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	9,724	+/-1,220	7.5%	
Some other race	697 12,751	+/-443	0.5% 9.8%	
	,2,, 31	. 1,000	3.370	7, 1.
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE				
Total population	130,047	+/-49	130,047	(X
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	65,372	+/-1,818	50.3%	+/-1.4
Mexican	62,054	+/-1,926	47.7%	+/-1.5
Puerto Rican	424	+/-234	0.3%	+/-0.2
Cuban	111	+/-80	0.1%	
Other Hispanic or Latino	2,783	+/-621	2.1%	
Not Hispanic or Latino	64,675	+/-1,818	49.7%	
White alone	52,589	+/-1,749	40.4%	
Black or African American alone				
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	2,076 618	+/-398 +/-175	1.6% 0.5%	

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Subject		Visalia city, Cal	lifornia	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Asian alone	6,391	+/-811	4.9%	+/-0.6
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	111	+/-108	0.1%	+/-0.1
Some other race alone	82	+/-71	0.1%	+/-0.1
Two or more races	2,808	+/-705	2.2%	+/-0.5
Two races including Some other race	155	+/-128	0.1%	+/-0.1
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	2,653	+/-677	2.0%	+/-0.5
Total housing units	45,037	+/-748	(X)	(X)
CITIZEN, VOTING AGE POPULATION				925000000000000000000000000000000000000
Citizen, 18 and over population	81,501	+/-1,464	81,501	(X)
Male	38,153	+/-1,083	46.8%	
Female	43,348	+/-1,016	53.2%	+/-0.9

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2010 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010, issued March 2011. (pdf format)

While the 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

2012-2016 American Community Survey (5-year estimates)

Source: State HCD

HOUSING

	Total housing units	ng units	O	Occupied housing units	sing units			Vacant housing units	ing units		Homeowner	Homeowner vacancy rate	Rental vacancy rate	ancy rate
		Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Estimate
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin of
Geography	Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Percent	of Error	Percent of Error Estimate		Error Percent of Error	of Error	Estimate	Error	Estimate	Error
California	13.911.737	+/-889	+/-889 12,807,387 +	+/-18,852	92.1	+/-0.1	1,104,350	+/-0.1 1,104,350 +/-18,614	7.9	+/-0.1	1.3	+/-0.1	3.8	+/-0.1
Tulare County	145,661	+/-183	134,153	+/-756	92.1	+/-0.5	11,508	+/-739	7.9	+/-0.5	1.7	+/-0.4	3.2	+/-0.5
Visalia city	44,924	44,924 +/-795		092-/+					6.5	6.0-/+	2.0	+/-0.7	4.4	+/-1.4

UNITS IN STRUCTURE

	The state of the s	STUD DUISIDO REC		1-unit. detached	tached			1-unit, attached	tached			2 units	its	
		Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate	,	Percent
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of
Geography	Estimate		Error Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Estimate	Error	Percent	Error
California	13.911,737	+/-889	+/-889 8,076,586	+/-11,619	58.1	+/-0.1	962,527	+/-6,755	6.9	+/-0.1	345,952	+/-4,788	2.5	+/-0.1
Tulare County	145,661	+/-183	+/-183 110,770	+/-1,103	76.0	+/-0.8	3,515	+/-374	2.4	+/-0.3	3,878	+/-458	2.7	+/-0.3
Visalia city	44,924	+/-795	33,603	+/-858	74.8	+/-1.5	1,449	+/-253	3.2	+/-0.6	1,506	+/-307	3.4	+/-0.7
				3 or 4 units	nits			5 to 9 units	nits			10 to 19 units	units	
				Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent
				Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of
			Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Estimate	Error	Percent	Error
			776,724	+/-6,631	5.6	+/-0.1	859,625	+/-7,014	6.2	+/-0.1	731,910	+/-6,013	5.3	+/-0.1
			8,026	+/-782	5.5	+/-0.5	4,077	+/-487	2.8	+/-0.3	1,638	+/-291	1.1	+/-0.2
			3,391	+/-464	7.5	+/-1.0	1,267	+/-280	2.8	+/-0.6	629	+/-211	1.4	+/-0.5
				20 or more units	re units			Mobile home	home			Boat, RV, van, etc.	van, etc.	
				Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent
				Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of
			Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Estimate	Error	Percent	Error
			1,626,396	+/-6,628	11.7	+/-0.1	517,173	+/-3,542	3.7	+/-0.1	14,844	+/-705	0.1	+/-0.1
			3,596	+/-384	2.5	+/-0.3	9,978	+/-644	6.9	+/-0.4	183	69-/+	0.1	+/-0.1
			1,722	+/-294	3.8	9.0-/+	1,350	+/-195	3.0	+/-0.4	7	+/-11	0.0	+/-0.1

HOUSING TENURE

											Average h	Average household Average household	Average r	onsepold
	Occupied Housing	Housing									size of	e of	Size	size of
	Units	its		Owner-occupied	cupied			Renter-occupied	cupied		owner-occ	wner-occupied unit	renter-occupied unit	upied unit
		Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Estimate
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of
Geography	Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error
California	12.807.387	12.807.387 +/-18.852 6,929,007	6,929,007	+/-37,726	54.1	+/-0.2	+/-0.2 5,878,380 +/-22,644	+/-22,644	45.9	+/-0.2	2.99	+/-0.01	2.91	+/-0.01
Tulare County	134,153	+/-756	75,761	+/-1,300	56.5	+/-0.9	58,392	+/-1,269	43.5	+/-0.9	3.24	+/-0.04	3.50	+/-0.05
Visalia city	41,988	09/-/+		+/-834	29.0	+/-1.6	17,206	902-/+	41.0	+/-1.6	2.91	+/-0.08	3.20	+/-0.12

MORTGAGE STATUS

	Total C	Fotal Owner-								
	Occupie	Occupied Units	Hous	Housing units with a mortgage	ith a mortg	lage	Housir	Housing units without a mortgage	out a mor	tgage
		Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of
Geography	Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent	Error
California	6,929,007	6,929,007 +/-37,726 5,000,119 +/-25,158	5,000,119	+/-25,158	72.2	+/-0.1	+/-0.1 1,928,888 +/-15,364	+/-15,364	27.8	+/-0.1
Tulare County	75,761	+/-1,300	53,613	+/-1,202	70.8	+/-1.0	22,148	+/-817	29.5	+/-1.0
Visalia city	24,782	+/-834	18,593	+/-814	75.0	+/-1.9	6,189	+/-514	25.0	+/-1.9

VALUE OF OWNER-OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

	Total (Total Owner-													
	Occupi	Occupied Units		Less thar	Less than \$50,000			\$50,000	\$50,000 to \$99,999	9		\$100,0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	666,6	
		Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate	te	Percent	ıt.	Estimate	nate		Percent
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of	-	Margin of	of	Margin of	of	Margin of	in of	_	Margin of
Geography	Estimate		Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent	Error	Estimate	e Error	or Percent	t Error	or Estimate		Error Pel	Percent	Error
California	6,929,007	6,929,007 +/-37,726 286,863	286,863	+/-3,902	4.1	+/-0.1	246,620	0 +/-3,686	3.6	1.0-/+ 9	.1 331,405		+/-4,554	4.8	+/-0.1
Tulare County	75,761	+/-1,300	4,414	+/-370	5.8	+/-0.5	10,159	9 +/-617	7 13.4	4/-0.8	.8 15,603		+/-883	50.6	+/-1.1
Visalia city	24,782		1,210	+/-212	4.9	+/-0.9	1,984	4 +/-290	0.8 0.0	0 +/-1.2	.2 4,349		+/-559	17.5	+/-2.2
			9.	150 000 to	\$150 000 to \$199 999			\$200,000	\$200,000 to \$299,999	Q		\$300,0	\$300,000 to \$499,999	666'6	
				Estimate		Percent		Estimate	te	Percent	ıt	Estir	Estimate		Percent
				Marnin of		Margin of		Margin of	<u></u>	Margin of	Ju	Marc	Margin of	_	Margin of
			Estimate	Error	Percent	Error	Estimate		or Percent		or Estimate			Percent	Error
			450,300	+/-5,216	6.5	+/-0.1	997,071	1 +/-8,909	14.4		+/-0.1 1,932,797	7 +/-11,834	,834	27.9	+/-0.1
			16.037	+/-863	21.2	+/-1.1	16,472	2 +/-815	5 21.7	7 +/-1.0	.0 9,259		+/-646	12.2	+/-0.8
			5,792	+/-546		+/-2.0	6,675	5 +/-581	11 26.9	9 +/-2.3	3 3,363		+/-488	13.6	+/-1.9
					φ	\$500,000 to \$999,999	666,666\$		₩	\$1,000,000 or more	or more		Median	Median Value (dollars)	ollars)
						Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent			Estimate
						Margin of		Margin of		Margin of	Σ	Margin of			Margin of
					Estimate	_	Percent	Error	Error Estimate		Percent	Error	Estimate	ate	Error
					1,989,589	+/-11,538	28.7	+/-0.1	694,362	+/-4,924	10.0	+/-0.1	\$409,300	300	+/- \$972
					3,157	+/-396	4.2	+/-0.5	099	+/-154	6.0	+/-0.2	\$169,600		+/- \$2,344
					1,253	+/-274	5.1	+/-1.1	156	66-/+	9.0	+/-0.4	\$190,500		+/- \$5,944

Owner Occupied Monthly Costs and as a Percentage of Income

		SEL	ECTED M	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS (SMOC)	WNER CO	STS (SMO)	()	
			Units with	Units with Mortgage			Units without	vithout
	Housing u	Housing units with a	Median	Median SMOC	Housing ur	Housing units without Mortgage Median	Mortgage	Median
	morte	mortgage	lob)	(dollars)	a mor	a mortgage	SMOC (dollars)	dollars)
		Estimate		Estimate		Estimate		Estimate
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of
Geography	Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error
California	5,000,119	5,000,119 +/-25,158	\$2,157	+/- \$4	+/- \$4 1,928,888 +/-15,364	+/-15,364	\$517	+/- \$2
Tulare County	53,613	+/-1,202	\$1,342	+/- \$20	22,148	+/-817	\$361	+/- \$11
Visalia city	18,593	+/-814	\$1,477	+/- \$45	6,189	+/-514	\$382	+/- \$20

J)	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (SMOCAPI) Units With a Mortgage	MONTHLY	OWNERC	SA STSO:	A PERC	ENTAGE C	F HOUSE	HOLD INC	OME (SI	AOCAPI) Ur	its With a l	Mortgage	
Total Hou	Total Housing Units												
with M	with Mortgage												
Com	Computed	ٽ	Less than 20.0	.0 percent			20.0 to 24.9 percent	percent (, v	25.0 to 29.9 percent	percent	
	Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent
	Margin of		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin
Estimate		Error Estimate	Error		of Error	Percent of Error Estimate	Error	Percent	of Error	Error Percent of Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent of Error	of Error
4,969,618	4,969,618 +/-25,434 1,535,333 +/-12,434	1,535,333	+/-12,434	30.9	+/-0.1	+/-0.1 762,675	+/-7,725	15.3		+/-0.1 623,863	+/-6,486	12.6	+/-0.1
53,085	+/-1,148	18,126	906-/+	34.1	+/-1.4	7,941	90/-/+	15.0	+/-1.3	6,064	+/-516	11.4	+/-1.0
18,323	+/-757	6,712	+/-645	36.6	+/-3.3	2,846	+/-478	15.5	+/-2.5	2,283	+/-420	12.5	+/-2.2

	ECTED MC	NTHLY O	WNER C	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME	A PERCEN	TAGE OF	HOUSE	HOLD INCO	OME
			(SMO)	(SMOCAPI) Units With a Mortgage	With a Mor	tgage			
					í				
.,	30.0 to 34.9 percent	percent		Ŕ	35.0 percent or more	t or more		Not computed	nputed
	Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate
	Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin		Margin of
Estimate	Error	Percent	of Error	Error Percent of Error Estimate	Error	Percent	of Error	Error Percent of Error Estimate	Error
460,422	+/-4,576	9.3	+/-0.1	+/-0.1 1,587,325	+/-7,090	31.9	+/-0.2	30,501	+/-1,169
3,957	+/-419	7.5	+/-0.8	16,997	+/-885	32.0	+/-1.6	528	+/-314
1.460	+/-324	8.0	+/-1.7	5,022	+/-564	27.4	+/-3.1	270	+/-286

GROSS RENT AND RENTER-OCCUPIED MONTHLY COSTS

	GROSS RENT	RENT	1	GROSS	S RENT AS	APERCE	NTAGE O	F HOUSE	HOLD INC	GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (GRAPI)	PI)	
			Occupied units paying	nits paying								
	Median (d	an (dollars)	rent	+	Le	ess than 15.0 percent	.0 percent	_		15.0 to 19.9 percent	percent	
		Estimate		Estimate		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent
		Margin of		Margin of		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin
Geography	Estimate	Error	Estimate	Error	Error Estimate	Error	Percent	of Error	Error Percent of Error Estimate	Error	Error Percent of Error	of Error
California	\$1,297	+/- \$2	5,577,046	+/-21,585	+/-21,585 519,908 +/-5,619	+/-5,619	9.3	+/-0.1	+/-0.1 595,774	+/-5,700	10.7	+/-0.1
Tulare County	\$847	+/- \$11	53,920	+/-1,264	5,511	+/-578	10.2	+/-1.0	5,672	+/-554	10.5	+/-1.0
Visalia city	\$939	+/- \$25	16,442	+/-734	1,633	+/-339	6.6	+/-1.9	1,886	+/-343	11.5	+/-2.0

20.0 to 24.9 percent Estimate	Percent					7 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -									
mate	Percent	8	25.0 to 29.9 percent	percent		.,	30.0 to 34.9 percent	percent		3	35.0 percent or more	or more		Not computed	poted
	-		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate		Percent		Estimate
Aargin of	Margin		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin		Margin of		Margin		Margin of
Error Percent	of Error	Estimate	Error	Percent	of Error	irror Percent of Error Estimate		Percent	of Error	Error Percent of Error Estimate	- 1	Percent	of Error	Error Percent of Error Estimate	Error
+/-5,761 12.1 +/-0.1 639,847	+/-0.1	639,847	+/-6,396	11.5	+/-0.1	+/-0.1 526,518	+/-5,771	9.4	+/-0.1	+/-0.1 2,621,735 +/-13,845	+/-13,845		+/-0.2	3	+/-3,498
+/-626 12.7	+/-1.2	5,704	+/-514	10.6	+/-0.9	4,710	+/-521	8.7	6'0-/+	.4	+/-1,032	47.2	+/-1.6	4,472	+/-417
12.4	+/-2.5	1,606	+/-354	9.8	+/-2.1	1,682	+/-323	10.2	+/-2.0	7,600	+/-612	46.2	+/-3.4	764	+/-178

Tulare County 2018 Income Limits

County	Income			Numbe	r of Pers	ons in Ho	usehold		
County	Category	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Tulare County	Extremely Low	12600	16460	20780	25100	29420	33740	37140	39550
4-Person	Very Low Income	21000	24000	27000	29950	32350	34750	37150	39550
Area Median Income:	Low Income	33550	38350	43150	47900	51750	55600	59400	63250
\$59,900	Median Income	41950	47900	53900	59900	64700	69500	74300	79050
	Moderate Income	50350	57500	64700	71900	77650	83400	89150	94900

Source: State HCD, Memorandum regarding State Income Limits for 2018

City of Visalia Building Permits Issued 2010 through February 2019

Year	No. New SFD Attached & Detached	Valuation	Avg. Cost of New Dwelling	New SFD Sq. Ft.	No. Multi Family Permits	No. Multi Family Units	New MFD Sq. Ft.	Valuation
2010	320	64,964,950	\$203,015	609,289	4	11	13,517	\$1,178,785
2011	269	57,717,616	\$214,564	522,941	3	10	11,212	\$1,004,200
2012	252	51,195,580	\$203,157	492,119	0	0	0	\$0
2013	429	106,757,965	\$248,853	921,329	0	0	0	\$0
2014	415	106,006,823	\$255,438	880,951	10	20	19,752	\$2,583,680
2015	509	134,895,644	\$265,021	1,127,142	34	106	103,417	\$11,741,49
2016	575	149,789,622	\$260,504	1,252,683	35	130	138,135	\$12,643,27
2017	483	131,519,465	\$272,297	1,062,813	23	70	72,631	\$8,382,042
2018	504	123,419,496	\$244,880	1,004,933	16	74	79,016	\$9,260,479
2019	91	22,569,165	\$248,013	184,246	0	0	0	\$0
TOTALS	3,847	948,836,325	\$246,643	8,058,446	125	421	437,680	46,793,956

Source: City of Visalia

City of Visalia

Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA)Progress

Income Level		RHNA Allocation by Income Level	Year 1 2015	Year 2 2016	Year 3 2017	Year 4 2018	Total Units To Date	Total Remaining RHNA	% of Allocated Units Built
Very Low	Deed Restricted	2,616	9	36	2	0	90	2 527	20/
Very Low	Non-Restricted	2,010	0	42	0	0	89	2,527	3%
Low	Deed Restricted	1 021	106	0	72	1	202	4.540	200/
LOW	Non-Restricted	1,931	0	118	0	86	383	1,548	20%
Moderate		1,802	132	279	29	102	542	1,260	30%
Above Moderate		3,672	367	246	403	391	1,407	2,265	38%
TOTAL		10,021	614	721	506	580	2,421	7,600	24%

Source: City of Visalia